THE KANSAS CITY STAR.

VOL. 12, NO. 97, KANSAS CITY, MO., FRIDAY. JANUARY 8, 1886.—POSTSCRIPT. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE CRIMINAL RECORD

VARIOUS GREAT AND LITTLE CRIMES

A Slanderer Cowhided by a Widow—Work of the Clinton Forger—A Stabbing Affray in Chicago—A Rutland, Vt., Business Man Arrested—Other Criminal News.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—A portion of the West Side police force were engaged this morning in escorting employesl of Maxwel Bro's. box factory to their labors. At 7:30 o'clock fifty-six workmen assembled at the Twelfth street station. The officers accompanied them to the factory. Another batch of seven employes came with six officers as a guard and a few others straggled into the factory without an escort. One of the latter, who gave his name as O'Connell, walked from Wentworth avenue along Eighteenth street as far as Halstead without being molested, but at the corner of the latter street two men suddenly attacked him. One attempted to strike him with a club. O'Connell was on the alert, and drawing a knife plunged it into his assailant's breast. The injured man staggered back, the blood gushing from a deep wound, and called on his companion for help. O'Connell took to his heels with all possible speed, not stopping to inquire how badly the man was hurt.

He Will Follow Weller's Advice in the Future.

Special Telegram The Star.

CAIRO, Ill., Dec. 8—A cowhiding affair at Mechanicsburg, a suburb of Paducah, has stirred up society in the little burg to an alarming extent, and in addition to a young man getting what he richly deserved, it will have a tendency to quiet the wagging tongues of the village gossips. A ball given at Farley's hall, Mechanicsburg, on New Year's eve, attracted the attention of the leading society people of that locality, among them Mrs. De Gamo, of Troy, Tenn., a charming and vivacious young widow visiting friends in the neighborhood, and James Qualls, a festive young man from Oak Grove. The two became quite conspicuous in their attentions towards one another, and it was noised throughout the assembly that a mutual mash had developed. Yesterday it came to the ears of Mrs. De Gamo that Qualls had been speaking slightingly of her, going so far as to defame her virtue. The lady was equal to the occasion. Seizing a big black rawhide in her sturdy right hand and with a Colts revolver in the left she sallied forth in search of her defamer, whom she discovered in his office in the tannery where he is employed. Leveling the revolver at his head she demanded if he had made such accusations against her character. With knees smiting one another the craven admitted the offense, but declared he had spoken untruly. Whack, whack snapped the big cowhide over his neck and shoulders, the outraged little woman continuing the castigation until her strength gave out, never once lowering the pistol which she held firmly with the left hand pointed squarely at the coward's face. Apologizing to the crowd for her extreme action, giving as a reason her lonely and unprotected situation and her determination to protect her character by her own efforts, she withdrew amid the cheers of the delighted crowd. The lady is highly respected and one against whom the breath of scandal has never been heard. Quall's story was not believed and he has wisely left the neighborhood.

A Negro Hanged.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., Jan. 8.—Charles Williams, colored, convicted of an outrage on Mrs. Eliza Keene, was hanged to-day. From the time of his arrest, during the trial and since his conviction he has exhibited almost total indifference to his fate and it was not until last night that he manifested any apparent concern. He protested his innocence of the crime. Last night he broke down and wept, declaring he was to be murdered. When they spoke to him about preparing for eternity, he replied:

"Too late. I am going to hell, where I shall meet my accusers."

Liable to be Lynched.

Special Telegram to The Star.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—G. W. Simmons was arrested at Island City to-day and jailed on charge of having murdered H. B. Adams, who was found dead near that place yesterday with his throat cut from ear to ear, and his face horribly hacked. An inquest being held a verdict was rendered that Adams came to his death from a wound inflicted by Simmons. A knife belonging to the dead man was discovered in a fire, where Simmons is supposed to have placed it. The verdict has added much to the excitement and Simmons may be mobbed.

A Widow Sues for Damages.

Special Telegram to The Star.

BLOOMFIELD, Mo. Jan. 8.—To-day Mrs. M. T. Morris, a respectable widow lady of this town, by her attorneys, filed, in the office of the clerk of the Stoddard circuit court, a suit for $5,000, damages for slander. Robert J. Jackson, a wealthy physician of this town, is the defendent. The affair has created quite a sensation.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 8.—Dr. E. M. Nelson, president of the Rutland Marble company, was arrested this morning on suspicion of complicity in the Lancaster bank embezzlement. He was prostrated bw excitement and is under guard at his house.

Cheek's Forgeries.

Special Telegram to The Star.

CLINTON, Mo., Jan. 8.—The forged deeds of trust left behind by S. E. Cheek was footed up to-day and will amount to $39,000. It is said there are several more to come in.

A Banker Convicted.

ISHPEMING, Mich., Jan. 8.—D. F. Wadsworth, an ex-banker of this place, was to-day convicted, on the second trial, of embezzlement of the sum of $60,000. Sentence was deferred.

A YELLOWSTONE PARK SCHEME.

How it Came to Grief—A Rival Now in the Field.

Special Telegram to The Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—A peculiar case of national interest is now before the interior department, involving a valuable franchise in the Yellowstone National park.

Four or five years ago "Uncle" Rufus Hatch, the eccentric banker and broker of New York city, conceived the idea that a nice "spec" could be made by starting a summer resort at Yellowstone park that should rival Saratoga, Coney Island, Long Branch, and the other noted resorts of the east. So in 1883 Uncle Rufus organized the Yellowstone National Park Improvement company, of which he was the president and guiding spirit. Under an act of congress the company secured from the interior department a monopoly of hotel privileges in the park, which was then a picturesque wilderness and almost unapproachable. The company put up a costly hotel in the park and spent, it is said, over forty thousand dollars in advertising its attractions all over the world. It also induced the Northern Pacific railroad company to build a branch to the park.

Then came the financial crash which broke the Northern Pacific railroad management and in fact the whole northwest for a time. The park company became embarrassed, and to secure its property for its creditors the United States circuit court of New Jersey, the domicile of the corporation, appointed a receiver to hold the property for those having claims against the company. The territorial court of Wyoming also appointed a receiver, who, getting possession first, has held the hotel ever since the winter of 1883-4, running it during the season of 1884, under the direction of the court. Of course a court does not know how to keep a hotel, and the result was a loss of $3,000 for the season of 1884. Last season, 1885, the Wyoming court rented the hotel to a Mr. C. T. Hobart for a nominal sum and he is reported to have cleared from the hotel alone $12,000.

Notwithstanding its heavy investment, therefore, the Yellowstone company has gotten returns for its expense in opening and developing the park. The company controlled the hotel only during its first season, that of 1883, where it was all outgo and no income. The company has recently undertaken to get on its feet again, regain control of its monopoly franchise, and carry out its plan for running the hotel. But suddenly a syndicate of St. Lonis capitalists bobs up, backed, it is said, by Senator Vest, and asks for a chance to build a hotel in the park and to bid for a part of the public patronage.

The Yellowstone company and its creditors urge that the company went to great expense, relying on the good faith of the United States, and that it is unjust to allow a rival company to step in before the original company has got any returns for the work. This petition and protest of the Yellowstone National Park Improvement company and its creditors and the applications of the St. Louis syndicate were heard this week by Assistant Secretary of the Interior Muldrow, Messrs. Johns & Newton, of Washington, appearing as attorneys for the company, Mr. Gibson, of St. Louis, for the syndicate, and Representative Gilfillan, of Minnesota, appearing for his constituents, the St. Paul creditors, simply to protect them against the department's taking any action that might injure the value of his constituents' security for their claims.

Secretary Muldrow, after the arguments, said that he had come to the conclusion that further accommodations ought to be afforded at the park for the travelling public; that it was the policy of the department to grant further leases, and that on that policy he would act. In a letter to the St. Louis people written by Secretary Muldrow and referred to in his opinion the secretary says to them: "Recognizing the importance of competition in the park to insure accommodations to visitors at fair and reasonable rates. I am inclined to accede to your request. The most of the privileges asked with proper limitations, but I cannot consent that operations shall be commenced until the details have been agreed upon and the places where the buildings are to be located have been fixed." The secretary further said in his letter that before the syndicate could secure the desired lease it must submit to the superintendent of the park for approval plans of the buildings it proposes to erect, and if a hotel is to be built it must be completed before the 1st of August next. As yet the syndicate has complied with none of these terms.

The Yellowstone company claims that its franchises under the contract made in 1883 are vested rights, and cannot be violated. A costly and prolonged litigation is therefore probable.

A LONE VOYAGER.

A Man Takes a 4,500 Mile Trip in a Canoe—The Longest Fresh Water Voyage on Record.

Special Telegram to The Star.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Jan. 8.—W. E. Harmence, of Pittsfield, Mass., passed through this place last evening on his way from Livingston, M. T., on the Yellowstone river from which point he started on a canoe voyage on the 4th of last July and up to this time has floated a distance of 4,050 miles. He is destined for Port Eads, at which place he expects to arrive March 1, and return to New Orleans in time for the Mardi Gras festivities. He is making sketches for publication. His entire voyage will have been 4,500 miles in length when he reaches the mouth of the river which is probably the longest fresh water float on record. His boat was built especially for this trip. She is fifteen feet in length and thirty-four inches in breadth of beam, has airtight chambers at either end, lockers, etc., and is quite convenient for the purpose.

Umbrellas on Starry Nights.

New York Mail and Express.

A reporter was standing the other evening on Twenty-third street opposite Madison square. It was a beautiful evening and the stars were out in all their fullness. Half a dozen ladies came across Broadway, and as they reached the East Twenty-third street sidewalk they raised their umbrellas or parasols. The reporter saw over a score of ladies come along with umbrellas or parasols raised. Then a few elderly gentlemen followed suit.

The reporter's curiosity had by this time reached a limit, and he determined to solve the enigma. Standing in the doorway of a prominent restaurant was a man who was evidently connected with the establishment. Him the newspaper man approached and asked whether he could relieve his anxiety.

"Very easily," he replied. "It mystified me for some time. The cause is simply this. There are a great many people whose eyes are so sensitive that they cannot stand the steady glare of a strong light, which causes them pain. Now, just opposite here, you see, are the six big electric lights on the park pole, while here before our house is another strong electric light. It is to avoid the full blaze of these that people raise parasols and umbrellas. You will notice that the umbrellas are put down after the elecric light near the corner of Fourth avenue is passed. Such people never go out in the evening without an umbrella. They raise it whenever they approach an electric light anywhere. There are more umbrellas raised along here, however, because the Madison square lights are unusually penetrating.

Pardoned Convicts.

Special Telegram to The Star.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 8.—A comparison of the number of pardons issued to the convicts in the penitentiary during the administrations of Governors Phelps and Crittenden and the first year of Governor Marmaduke's term shows the average number pardoned by Governor Phelps per year was thirty-seven, he having granted in round numbers during his term of office 149 pardons. Governor Crittenden pardoned during his administration 152, an average per year of thirty-eight. The total number of pardons issued during the first year of Governor Marmaduke's term was thirty-four. This is exclusive of the pardons issued on the recommendation of the warden and commonly called holiday pardons, it being the custom to liberate two convicts on the 4th of July and two on Christmas day. Of this class of pardons Governor Marmaduke has issued four and Governor Crittenden issued twelve. The custom of granting holiday pardons was inaugurated July 4, 1882, by Governor Crittenden.

A Troublesome Failure.

Special Telegram to The Star.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Jan. 8.—The liabilities of May Bros., wholesale crockery dealers, whose failure has been reported, now reach $55,000 while the assets are placed at $10,000. The May Brothers declare that their failure was brought about by natural causes and that it was legitimate and honest. The stock has been attached for $11,000 by the National Glass association, of Pittsburg, whose attorneys here threaten endless litigation.

Inspecting an Old Roadbed.

Special Telegram to The Star.

LEXINGTON, Mo., Jan. 8.—This morning Colonel Robert Law, of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Mr. White of the same road, and Mr. Gilchrist of the engineering corps, left for Pleasant Hill. The former was accompanied by Captain Leseuer and Mr. White by Mr. Wentworth in buggies as far as Odessa along the old Gulf roadbed while Mr. Gilchrist went out on foot.

Another Defective Flue.

A defective flue in the waiting room of the cable line at the Union depot, caused a run for the fire department this afternoon. No damage.

WORRIED BY CRANKS

NOTORIETY HUNTERS AFTER PASTEUR

The Scientist Annoyed by All Sorts of Foolish Propositions from Americans—The New French Ministry Generally Approved—Other Items of Foreign News.

Special Telegram to The Star.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—I called to-day at the laboratory in the rue d'Ulm and found M. Pasteur sitting before a writing table on which were huge piles of letters and dispatches, many of them from America. M. Pasteur was excssively annoyed at the reports and remarks to the effect that he had given to Billings authority to practice inoculation for rabies in America. M. Pasteur said: "I have given no authority whatsoever to Dr. Billings or to any one else to practice prophylactic treatment for the prevention of rabies, and have given to no one any authority to practice or perform operations in my name. There are no secrets in my method, the method has been published by the Academiedes Sciences of Paris, and in the report which M. Waserzug drew up and which I gave you for publication in THE STAR. Your countrymen are too quick. Just look at these piles of correspondence." M. Pasteur then with a despairing shrug of the shoulders invited me to examine the letters. The first letter I took up was from a New York dog fancier, who proposed to send his "dorg" to M. Pasteur to be "syringed." Nineteen more letters from dog fanciers followed, most of them being brilliant examples of "English as she is spoke."

Scores of letters contained infallible remedies for rabies. There were dozens of letters from woman and boarding school misses asking for autographs. A remarkable document, dated from Tahlequah, Cherokee nation, I. T., was apparently written by a Cherokee Indian, whose name was illegible. He invited M. Pasteur to visit the Indian territory where "many strange things can be learned about canines." A man from Boston wrote to say that he had discovered a cure for hydrophobia that would revolutionize civilization. "After I had looked over the letters," M. Pasteur said:" But this is not the worst. Yesterday a very extraordinary offer was made me verbally by one of your countrymen, who called and proposed to start a great rabies asylum in America on shares and offered me two-thirds of the profits. The result of all this is that I may be compelled to close my laboratory altogether." When Kauffman came to be inoculated to-day he complained of twitching pains in the stomach and said that during the night he felt as though thousands of needles were sticking into him. He seemed to be a little bit anxious and said: "Well, if I die on the steamer they will chuck me overboard and the funeral won't cost anything." M. Pasteur told him not to be alarmed at the pricking sensation, which was often caused by the strength of the virus during the inoculations. I afterwards informed M. Pasteur that a spaniel that was bitten by the dog that had bitten Kauffman was dead of rabies. M Pasteur said: "There is no need to tell that to Kauffman, as it would make him nervous. It is a pity that Kauffman was so long in coming, but there are no unfavorable symptoms yet, and rabies have been averted in worse instances than his." I asked what were the chances of Kauffman having the disease on the steamer. M. Pasteur said: "It is possible, but not probable." Five new patients came to the laboratory to-day on having had his nose bitten off by a mad dog at Reuil. Never before were there so many dogs. The epidemic is especially prevalent in the western suburbs of Paris. During the last five days mad dogs have been killed at Versailles, Marley, Malakoff, Issy, Reuil and St. Germain. M. Katkoff, son of the famous Moscow publicist and an officer in the chavelier guards, who has been bitten by a mad wolf hound, arrived in Paris to-day for treatment by M. Pasteur.

Reforms Promised.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—It is reported that the government will introduce a bill in parliament for a reform in the executive at Dublin castle in a manner that will lead to a removal of Earl Carnarvon, lord lieutenant. It is also regarded as likely that Edward Stanhope, president of the board of trade, will supersede Sir William Hart Dilke as chief secretary for Ireland.

Skuptschina, Come to Order.

Special Telegram to The Star.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—It has been resolved to convene the Servian skuptschina for the purpose of providing ways and means for enabling King Milan to continue his war preparations.

A Cabinet of Conciliation.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—A majority of the Paris newspapers express satisfaction with the new ministry. They describe it as a cabinet of conciliation.

DOWN ON THE IRISH.

A Member of the House of Commons Takes a Tilt at His Hibernian Neighbors.

Special Telegram to The Star.

LONDON, Jan. 8—The home rule discussion which has been in the background the last few days was brought to the front agaiu by John Morley's speech last night. This is the first real radical lead. He began by declaring it was moonshine to say that 330 liberal members, fresh from their constituents, have no mandate to deal with the Irish question. Liberalism would be all unworthy of the great traditions unless it did the right and courageous thing. "Any approach to a satisfactory settlement in Ireland must be through dealing with the land question. The late government, to their great honor, passed an act to prevent landlords confiscating the property of their tenants. That was a noble exploit. I don't think we shall be able to deal satisfactorily with Ireland until we have passed some legislation to prevent tenants from confiscating the property of their landlords." This means, in other words, that the enforcement of contracts must precede home rule. He said further: "I want two things—order in Ireland and power in the house of commons." Treating of the last first, he continued:

Do what you will with your rules of procedure, you will not have restored the old British people as master in its own household till you have devised some scheme or other which will remove Irish members from the British house of commons.

"The Irish question," he said, "the Tory policies—coercion and country government—do equally little toward settling the country." On his own attitude he said: "I have not come to develop a scheme of government for Ireland. That is for our leader. Whatever his assailants secret and open may say I believe there is no man in this realm who is competent to take this task in hand except the statesman who has devoted the best part of his life to the amelioration of the condition ef Ireland; in whose great abilities and human sympathies will be found the only means capable of solving the great Irish question. All that I would urge upon you is not be misled by any idea that we are in a mere parliamentary crisis. We are in a great national crisis." In conclusion he said: "If I am in favor of finding a new way of dealing with the Irish problem, leaving the old rule of approaching that problem, boldly calling upon our statesmen to give some constructive solution of our difficulties, it is because I am persuaded that in that direction it is that you must look for the strengthening of the empire; that in any other direction you will only weaken the empire, tie your own hands and make yourself powerless for carrying out these great taks which have been confided to this nation."

After this speech, as Morely and Gladstone are on terms of the greatest intimacy, the radical attitude becomes clearer.

JEFF DAVIS WAKED UP.

The Old Man Goaded Into Writing a Letter by a Marked Newspaper.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8.—Some one recently mailed to Jefferson Davis at his home in Beauvoir, Miss., a paper headed, "A Summary," containing the following paragraph: "Benedict Arnold, the first traitor to American liberty, learned his patriotism in Hiram Masonic lodge, No. 1, New Haven, Conn., and died a Free Mason in good and regular standing. Aaron Burr, another traitor to the government, plotted treason in the Royal Arch cipher and also died a free and accepted Mason in good regular standing. Jefferson Davis, a free and accepted Mason, led the great rebellion, and the fact did not even taint his Masonic standing, which did much in securing his pardon."

Mr. Davis inclosed the sheet to friend, Colonel J. L. Power, of Jackson, Miss., secretary of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi Masons, with the following letter:

DEAR SIR—I have received with others of a similar character enclosed the sheet having the paragraph underlined to secure my attention, and I send it to you to attract your notice. Under the head of summary is concentrated a distillation of malice and mendacity. The main attack seems to be against the fraternity of Free and Accepted Masons and as many slanderers have heretofore done, the writer avails himself of the prejudice existing against me to point his attack against Free Masonry. The underscored lines perpetrate at least as many falsehoods: First, I, Jefferson Davis, am not and never have been a free and accepted Mason; second, as a citizen of the sovereign state of Mississippi, I obeyed her commands and as sovereigns cannet rebel, neither led nor followed a rebellion great or small; third, as I had no Masonic standing the assertion that it was not tainted by imputed act of mine rests not upon fact, but upon misrepresentation; fourth, Masonry could not have had much to do with securing my pardon, as I never have been pardoned or applied for a pardon, or appealed to Masonry to secure to me the benefit of a writ of habeas-corpus, that I might have the constitutional right of every American citizen to be confronted with my accusers. To exclude possible inference I will add my father was a Mason, and I was reared to regard the fraternity with respect and have never felt any disapproval of it other than that which pertains to every secret society. Following Free Masonry from a distance, and judging the tree by its fruits, I have believed it to be in itself good. Respectfully and truly yours,

[Signed] JEFFERSON DAVIS.

AN EPIDEMIC.

The Smallpox in Texas—Quarantine on the Mexican Frontier.

Special Telegram to The Star.

FORT STOCKTON, Tex., Jan. 8.—Smallpox has assumed a malignant and epidemic form in this vicinity during the last month. Over twenty deaths have occurred at the Mussey Torres ranches during the past six months. The Rooney ranch is the only ranch in the vicinity not yet invaded by it. The military post here has quarantined against the town on account of the disease. It is rumored to-day that in spite of this precaution a case has broken out in the family of the commanding officer, Major Purrington. Mr. Moore, a new citizen of this place, formerly of Sulphur Springs, Hopkins county, died on the 1st inst. Dr. Hilliard, of Pecos City, arrived here to-day, having been called by the county to aid in stamping out the disease, which has appeared this fall in many places west of the Pecos river, having been brought in from Mexico and generally through Presidio Del Norte. Murphyville has had a severe visit from it. Saragossa has it now and it has oppeared at intervals during the fall along Toyah creek and Fort Davis. It has only lately assumed the malignant form owing to the migratory habits and carelessness of the Mexican people in this section. The small-pox spreads rapidly over a large scope of country when once it has crossed the Rio Grande and the only place where quarantine can be used to any great advantage is at Presidio Del Norte and that, too, before the disease has appeared on this side of the river.

Boycotted.

Special Telegram to The Star.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 8.—The Cigar Makers' union held a meeting last night at Central Turner hall, the session being an adjourned one from last Sunday forenoon. At Sunday's meeting it was determined to boycott all cigar manufacturers known as unfair shops and a committee was appointed to have printed and circulated circulars and dodgers, making public the boycotting order. At the meeting last night this committee reported that these circulars would be distributed before Saturday. It was reported that a half-dozen of the shops heretofore complained of had signified their willingness to conform to the demands of the union, but there are a large number yet which come under the boycotting order.

Offensive "Partisanship" in France.

A queer state of affairs exists in France in regard to certain priests who are charged with "offensive partisanship." M. Goblet, the minister of public worship, writes to the bishop of Panniers, saying that during the recent elections some of his clergy took too active a part in politics and advocated too earnestly the cause of candidates who were opposed to republican institutions. He informs the bishop that the salaries or pensions of such priests will now be cut off. The bishop responds to the effect that the clergy have but done their duty as citizens, and that in doing so they have not compromised themselves as priests.

Officers Elected.

Special Telegram to The Star.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 8.—At the annual meeting of the St. Louis Rowing club, held Jan. 6, at their boat house, the following officers were elected: President, Lucas Edell; vice-president, Arthur Bosch; recording secretary, H. J. Walsendorf; financial secretary, F. A. Markel; captain, J. D. Warder; lieutenant, Arthur Edson; treasurer, Jos. S. Ray; directors, Louis Banman, Peter Egger and Dave Herrell.

A Woman Dies Aged Six Score Years.

Special Telegram to The Star.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Jan. 8.—Lottie Griffin, a colored woman, who claimed to be over 120 years of age. died to-day. She has been nearly helpless for some time. She has a daughter here over 80 years of age. Several old citizens place her age at 110 to 120. Until the past year she has been unusually spry for a woman of such great age.

Busness at Clay Center.

CLAY CENTER, Kas., Jan. 8.—About 100 of the best business and professional men of this city organized a board of trade, last evening. It was decided to incorporate and offer for sale 1,000 shares at $5 per share. A board of directors was elected who will choose officers next Monday.

The directors of the Omaha, Abilene & Wichita railway will meet at Abilene Saturday. A proposition of Dickinson county to take $15,000 stock in this road will be voted on a week from next Tuesday.

The severest blizzard which has visited this part of the country for a number of years is now raging. Heavy snow fell the greater part of last night and drifted very badly.

MISSOURI GETS FOUR.

HER GOOD LUCK IN COMMITTEEMEN

A Long Array of Western Statesmen with Good Places—A Bill to Reclaim Desert Desert Lands—A Terrible Blizzard Everywhere—Other Late News.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The *National Republican* in an editorial headed "Missouri to the Front," this morning says: "Four chairmanships of the house committee go to Democratic Missouri—Bland on coinage, weights and measures, Hatch on agriculture, Clardy, mines and mining; O'Neill on labor, and Burnes, of St. Joe, is third on appropriations, as important as an average chairmanship, while Clardy holds his place on his old committee on commerce. Mr. Glover, a new member from St. Louis, an able lawyer and keen debater, has an important place on rivers and harbors, also the special committee on traffic on alcoholic liquor, thus mixing whisky and water. Heard, a new member but an experienced legislator, is assigned to the District of Columbia committee, where he will prove a power on every measure that receives his support or calls for his opposition. If the Missouri delegation are united they will occupy a leading position in national legislation.

About the Nominations.

Special Telegram to The Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—There are pending before the senate committee on finance 183 nominations, of which 89 are to succeed Republicans who were suspended with or without cause. The committee has in each instance addressed a circular to the secretary of the treasury of which the following is a sample:

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5, 1886.

DEAR SIR—Referring to the accompanying nomination of Freeman Barnum, vice Isaac C. Sturgeon, suspended, will you please communicate to the committee on finance of the United States senate the reasons for such suspension? Very truly yours,

J. S. MORRILL, Chairman.

To the Honorable Secretary of the Treasury,
Washington, D. C.

Similar circulars are being sent out to other members of the cabinet by the several committees of the senate before which nominations are pending and the Republican senators propose that when the nomination to succeed a suspended official is reported favorably or otherwise it shall be accompanied by a written report setting forth the grounds of suspension in order that the record of the administration on this subject be made in good shape for campaign purposes. The injunction of secresy will undoubtedly be removed from the reports. It may be stated generally that it is the intention of the Republican senators to dispose as promptly as possible of cases where appointments were made te fill vacancies and where there is no question of fitness raised. Thus the committee on finance has passed favorably upon several internal revenue collectors—two in Kentucky and one in North Carolina—where there were vacancies caused by death. The postoffice committee has a list of 200 or 300 postmasters to report favorably, but they are all of this character—to fill vacancies. The nomination of Snyder to be postmaster at Arcola, Ill., will be reported unfavorably, While the result of the presidential election was in doubt he was the leader of a party of Democrats who hanged Hon. James G. Blaine in effigy to a sour apple tree. This the committee think is offensive partisanship.

Personal Points.

Special Telegram to The Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. M. Johnston, of Kansas City, are at the Ebbitt.

Rodney D. Wells is siill trying to reoover the $110 stolen from the South St. Louis postoffice station in 1884. Dr. Glover has introduced a bill to that effect.

A. Moore, Berry and E. P. Fox, of St. Louis, registered at Willard's last evening. Mr. Fox denies positively that he is east on gas matters. He says he had pressing private business here and came during a lull in the gas business. He says the gas question is practically settled and that the water gas company is going to come out on top.

G. Cochrane, attorney for Captain James B. Eads, is in the city, and was in Senator Vest's company a good portion of the morning.

Important Measures.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The following are among the measures introduced in the senate to-day:

By Mr. Plumb: To pay the Delaware Indians the value of certain lands in Kansas in compliance with treaty. He directs the secretary of the treasury to pay the Delaware Indians the sum of $36,800 in compensation for twenty-three sections of land of which, by treaty of May 13, 1869, they were to be paid the full value.

By Mr. Logan: To increase the pension of persons who lost an eye to $25 per month.

By Mr. Hale: To prohibit letting government contracts to persons who employ convict labor.

To make the Desert Blossom.

Special Telegram to The Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—A bill introduced in the senate, by Mr. Morgan, yesterday is intended to make fertile the desert lands known as the Colorado desert by the introduction of fresh water on the same. The bill provides that a supply of water shall be produced by the construction of acqueducts, dams, ditches, or canals, to cause the waters to flow to these lands from the Colorado river. The work of fertilizing these lands is to be carried on by Oliver M. Wozencraft and his associates, to whom is to be granted all land so fertilized after its fertilization.

The First Whack:

Special Telegram to The Star.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Senator Eustis this morning introduced a bill for the payment of the $10,000,000 called bonds in silver coin. He said he desired to test the views of congress. Mr. Eustis will find congress decidedly opposed to his scheme. Mr. Eustis is the senator who was said to be preparing an attack upon the administration. This is the first blow.

New Postmasters.

Special Telegram to The Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Postmasters appointed in Kansas to-day: Saratoga—G. C. Barker, vice Gibbons, resigned; Vermillion—C. J. Caskett, vice Arnold, removed. Also the following in Missouri: Bluffton—S. E. Miller, vice Samuel Miller, resigned.

Forty-Ninth Congress.

SENATE.

The chair laid before the senate a resolution of the New York produce exchange, urging congress to make liberal provision for the signal service. Referred.

Mr. Eustis offered a concurrent resolution with a preamble setting forth that

WHEREAS, The act of congress of 1878 declared the silver dollar a legal tender for all debts public and private, that by the act of 1869 the faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to payment in coin on its equivilent for all public obligations nor barring interest of debt made redeemable in coin of the then standard value; that since the enaction of these laws it has been the practice of the secretary of the treasury to pay bonds and interest in gold coin; that the secretary of the treasury had issued a call for ten million bonds, payable on the first of July, 1886; therefore be it.

Resolved, etc.,—That in the opinion of congress said bonds of $10,000,000 payable on the 1st of February, 1885, should be paid in silver dollars, such payment being in strict compliance with the existing law and in aid of the financial policy established by the legislation of congress.

Mr. Eustis desired the resolution be referred to the committee on finance and expressed the hope that the committee would report on it an early day in order that it may be determined whether or not this practice of paying United States bonds and interest exclusively in gold coin is approved by congress. The resolution was so referred.

On motion of Mr. Ingalls the senate agreed that when it should adjourn to-day it should be till Monday.

Mr. Vorhees resolution enquiring relative to the pension office went over till Monday.

The Senate then proceeded to consideration of bills on the callendar; the debate being on the bill for private relief.

Mr. Dolph commented on the ensuing number such bills and decreasing a number of meritorious bills coming before congress.

The Utah bill was taken up and its consideration proceeded with.

Mr. Edmunds created some merriment on rising to speak on one of the amendments offered yesterday. Looking about him and finding comparatively few Republicans in the seats, he said: "As hardly any of the friends of human liberty are in the senate I will address myself to the reform men."

After some debate Mr. Brown's amendment offered yesterday, which was to strike out words that would compel husband or wife of accused to testify was rejected, yeas, 11; nays, 42, and the compulsory provision retained in the bill.

A BLIZZARD EVERYWHERE.

Reports from Many Places of the Terrible Storm.

Special Telegram to The Star.

LEXINGTON, Mo. Jan. 8.—A terriable blizzard is raging. The thermometer is fourteen below zero.

MARSHALL, Mo. Jan. 8—A blizzard is raging. The themometer indicates ten degrees below zero.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo. Jan. 8.—The themometer is five degrees below zero.

PANA, Ill. Jan. 8.—A blizzard and snow storm is raging. Six inches of snow and yet falliug. Zero ten below.

LITTLE ROCK, Jan. 8.—Thermometer 12 degrees below; the blizzard extends throughout the state.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 8.—A blinding snow storm has been raging all the forenoon; wind very strong, registering thirty-two miles an hour. At noon the thermometer was at zero. The Missouri Pacific people report the blizzard very severe upon their lines in Texas, A Palestine, Tex. dispatch reports the thermometer 3 above, something almost unprecedented.

CAIRO, Ill., Jan. 8.—A blinding snowstorm has been raging all day. Snow is now a foot deep and still falling. The wind is high, causing drifting.

GOULD'S VIEWS.

What the Financier Has to Say About Silver Coinage and Other Mstters.

Special Telegram to The Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 8.—Mr. Jay Gould, who is visiting here, was to-day asked his views on the silver question by your correspondent. He replied: "I should say that there would be no should be some modification of the laws regulating the coinage of silver. We do not want to pile up too much silver. If we do the market will be overstocked. The silver market will be very much like any other overstocked market. It can result only in evil. If the coinage of silver dollars should be allowed to go on at the present rate, it would have the effect of driving the country to the specie shipping point, which is now very near and rapidly improving. In this event gold will go abroad and be absorbed by foreign countries and by the people at home who would like to lay it away for a rainy day." Of the south, he said: "The south is moving ahead, and its growth is steady. I see an improvement every time I come this way. It is a steady and healthy progress. The improvement is more marked, I think, farther west. There The soil is richer and immigration larger than here, but I don't see that there is anything to stand in the way of the fullest development ef this section of the country. You are not growing too fast, but the progress is substantial and sure."

Knights of Labor Convention.

Special Telegram to The Star.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 8.—The Knights of Labor employed on the Gould system of railroads will hold their second annual convention at Ligstone's hall to-morrow morning The convention will be called to order at 10 o'clock, and the chairman, M. N. Loving, of Ft. Worth, Tex., of the execucive committee, will preside. The Knights of Labor are at present working harmoniously with the Gould roads, and have nothing to complain of. The convention is called for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuig year and the transaction of routine business. The following delegates have arrived here and are registered at the Hotel Bronn: J. B. Brannon, Parsons, Kas.; E. B. Chuper, Sedalia, Mo.; J. G. Seymour, Clifton, Mo.; T. J. Burnett, Marshall, Tex,; C. H. Eker, Palestine, Tex.; G. H. Hamilton and H. C. Sprague, Kansas City, Mo.; C. Johnson, Marshall, Tex., and Louis Richter, Big Sgrings, Tex.

Married.

Special Telegram to The Star.

MARSHALL, Mo., Jan. 8.—Mr. Morris Hagedon, a young business man, and Miss Annie Bartlett, a very cultured young lady, both of this city were united in marriage last eeening at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. E. C. Hyde, by Rev. L. P. Bawen. They left on the night train for an extensive tour.

Killed and Robbed.

Special Telegram to The Star.

LITTLE ROCK, Jan. 8.—News from Polk county gives meager details of the robbery and murder of Jas. C. Stiffel, a citizen of that county, on the border of the Indian territory, It appears that Stiffel was returning from the Choctaw nation where he had disposed of a load of furs, when two men attacked him in camp and killed and robbed him.

Record of the Cold.

The mercury has ranged below zero all day although there was a steady rise in the temperature from daylight until 1 o'clock this afternoon. The mercury then remained at a standstill for an hour when it again began to drop slowly. The following is a record of the temperature for the day, the figures showing so many degrees below zero:

8 a. m., 10; 9 a. m., 8; 10 a. m., 6; 11 a. m., 6, 12 m., 3; 1 p. m., 2; 2 p. m., 2; 3 p. m., 3.; 4 p. m., 3.

In some parts of the city thermometers marked sixteen below zero at 4 o'clock.

Failures.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Business failures throughout the country during the last seven days were: For the United States, 316; Canada, 20; total, 336, being the largest aggregate for any week since January, 1885; casualties exceptionally numerous in southern states.

Better than a Strike.

COLUMBUS, O.,—Judge Thurman to-day rendered a decision as umpire in arbitration between the operators and miners of coal in Ohio. He fixes the basis at 60 cents per ton, which is the amount asked for by the miners. The operators wanted to pay 50.

Two Failures.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 8.—Sampliner, Adler & Co., wholesale dealers in jewelry, assigned to-day. Liabilities $50,000; assets placed at a lower figure. W. H. Doran & Co., shoe manufacturers, also assigned. Liabilities unknown.

A SHIP'S CREW LOST.

WRECK OF AN ENGLISH SCHOONER

All on Board the Ship Drowned—A Small Fire at Sedalia, Mo.—Fires at Other Places—Mules Drowned in a Mine—Other Mishaps Reported for To-day.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The schooner Swallow was wrecked at Fleetwood and all on board drowned.

Fire Record.

Special Telegram to The Star.

SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 8.—Fire was discovered last night about 10:30 in the Mitchell matress factory over J. E. McCormick's grocery store in one of the principal business blocks, and for a time it was feared a $1,000,000 blaze was imminent, owing to the terrific gale and snow storm coupled with the intense cold, but the prompt action of the fire department placed the fire under control before it got a headway and the loss was confined to the contents of the building where it originated and will not exceed $10,000. Though no accurate estimate can be obtained the loss is partially covered by insurance.

A SECOND ACCOUNT.

Special Telegram to The Star.

SEDALIA, Jan. 8.—Last night about 9 o'clock persons passing James E. McCormick's grocery store, on Second street near Osage, noticed a vapory looking smoke issuing from the lower part of the building apparently, but owing to the fast falling temperature it was concluded that it was nothing but vapor from the cellar and no attention was paid to it. About 10:30 o'clock, however, a bright blaze and a dense volume of smoke from the upper story caused an alarm to be sounded at the engine house. The boys were promptly on hand, rushed out into the bitter cold, and were soon hard at work upon the conflagration which proved to be among the bales of stock belonging to the Mitchell Mattress factory over McCormack's store. The fire was kept under control and extinguished by hard labor. The loss is roughly placed at between $6,000 and $10,000.

BUFFALO, Jan. 8.—The St. James hotel, at Batavia, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Many narrow escapes were made. Two men jumped from the fourth story, and were severely hurt. Loss about $50,000, insurance $25,000.

A General Storm in Kansas.

Special Telegram to The Star.

TOPEKA, Kas., Jan. 8.—All trains on the Santa Fe and Union Pacific railroads are abandoned. The mail, which left Kansas City at 10 o'clock yesterday morning on the Santa Fe road, is at Osage City, thirty-five miles west of here. The train on the Union Pacific, leaving Kansas City at the same time, is at at Wamego. A terrible wind and snowstorm prevails all over the state, but is the most severe in the western part. At Brookville, 140 miles west of here on the Union Pacific, the thermometer registered 13 degs. below zero at 4 p. m. Here at 9 o'clock p. m. the thermometer registered 10 degs. below zero, with prospects of its going lower. There is not a heavy fall of snow here, but it is drifting badly.

Wrecked in a Snow Bank.

COUNCIL GROVE, Kas., Jan. 8.—A Missouri Pacific passenger train was wrecked by snow in Downing cut, eight miles north of town, passing here last evening. Conductor Johnnie A. Brown and Mail Messenger John Pullman started to walk to this place for assistance. In walking a bridge near town Pullman slipped and fell, breaking the bone of his left leg. Conductor Brown carried him to this city, a distance of several miles. The wind was blowing a blizzard and the thermometer indicated 22° below zero. The train was imbedded in a snowbank all night and was brought back to this place this morning. The passengers were all comfortably cared for by the train men.

Frozen Up.

Special Telegram to The Star.

JEFFERSON, CITY, Mo., Jan. 8.—Governor Marmaduke went to St. Louis last night.

The weather is very cold; the thermometer registered as low as five degrees below zero. The ferry boat is unable to make a crossing to-day on account of the ice and wind.

Settling Into a Mine.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Jan. 8.—The surface at Boston Run commenced settling again today, but no more houses have gave down. Eight more blocks are expected to go down every moment. The colliery is idle and will not be able to resume for several days.

Mules Drowned.

ASHLAND, Pa., Jan. 8.—All the mules in the Preston mine, numbering thirty-six, were drowned yesterday. The water gained on the pumps so rapidly that the animals could not be rescued.

Nine Men Lost.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Swedish bark Cygnus, Captain Nilsson, from Galveston Nov. 21, was wrecked at Workington and nine of her crew drowned.

No Trouble Yet.

The Water Works company has not suffered any. as yet, by pipes bursting. The gas company also reports its pipes in good condition.

A BULL DAY.

The Wheat Market Holds Very Strong in Spite of Heavy Sales.

French Brothers, grain commission merchants, Exchange building, have received the following telegrams:

CHICAGO, Jan. 8, 9:45 a. m.—Wheat opens active at 88c for May. There is nothing of moment in the morning news. The crowd appear to have taken the bull side for the present and some talk of very cold weather encourages them. Corn is very steady and influenced by light receipts. Provisions are strong and slightly higher.

10:15 a. m.—The wheat market has been very stubborn during the past half hour. Several large blocks of wheat have been traded in at 88c. Schwartz & Dupee and Fleming & Boyden, each sold 100,000 bushels at 88c; still the market holds apparently firm. There does not appear to be any outside news of importance, and the strength is due to local causes.

Wheat is strong and higher, May 88¼. The advance is due to reports of better cables which are said to quote Liverpool 1c higher.

10:51 a. m.—Receipts at primary markets are: 170,000 bushels of wheat; shipments, 49,000 bushels; exports, 103,000 bushels. Outside news is generally bullish but the market acts heavy and the trading drags.

12:15 p. m.—Wheat steady to firm. The bears have made several drives at the market, but it has rallied quickly from every depression. The trading has been by room traders. The influences affecting the market do not appear on the surface. Corn is strong and higher. The features are a good demand for cash property and light receipts for this season of the year.

12:58 p. m.—The market broke on the report that France had increased the import duty on wheat.

1:10 p m.—The market closed barely steady, 88⅝c. Some weakness was shown in the last few minutes. The crowd turned sellers on the report that France had increased the import duty on wheat. Corn and provisions firm.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Wheat dull and outside orders scarce. Private cables are contradictory, some are very bearish, but foreign houses are not selling very liberally.

BALTIMORE. Jan. 8.—50,000 bushels of wheat cleared here shipped for Europe to-day.

Before the Justice.

James McAnany, for disturbing the peace by flourishing his revolver, was fined $25 and costs by Judge Worthen to-day.

The case against John Hood, the man placed under bonds by Judge White, for attempting to compound a felony, will come up before Judge Worthen Monday.

The case against the colored couple, Jones, who brought their troubles into court, was dismissed.

COMMERCIAL.

To-day's clearings, $681,339; same day last year, $828,779; decrease, $147,440, or 17.7 per cent.

On 'Change To-day.

WHEAT—Received. 5,495 bu.; withdrawals, 4,542 bu.; in store, 932,741 bu.

The market to-day on change was stronger, but quiet. No. 2 red on the call, was nominal except for March, which sold at 72c, against 71½c asked yesterday. Before the call No. 2 red, May, sold at 76¼@76⅜c, and later 76⅜c was bid and 76⅝c asked. No. 3 red and No. 2 and No. 3 soft were nominal.

OPEN BOARD 2 P. M. TO 3 M., P. YESTERDAY.

No transactions.

OPEN BOARD 10 A. M. TO 11 A. M., TO-DAY.

No. 2 red, May. 20 cars, 76⅜c, 5cars, 76½c.

ON THE CALL TO-DAY.

REJECTED WINTER WHEAT.—Cash. no bids nor offerings.

No. 4, WINTER WHEAT.—Cash, no bids nor offerings.

No. 3. RED WINTER WHEAT.—Cash and Jan., 51c bid, no offerings; Feb., no bids nor offerings; May, 59c bid, 62c asked.

No. 3 SOFT WINTER WHEAT.—Cash, 65c bid, no offerings; Jan., 66c bid, no offerings.

No. 2 SOFT WINTER WHEAT—Cash, 84c bid, no offerings; Jan., 85c bid, 85¾c asked; Feb., 86½c bid, 88c asked; May, 92⅝c bid, 94c asked.

No. 2 RED WINTER WHEAT—Cash, no bids, 70c asked; Jan., 69c bid, no offerings; Feb., 70½c bid, 71c asked; March, 5 cars 72c; April, 73¼c bid, 74½c asked; May, 76⅜c bid, 76⅝c asked.

CORN—Receipts, 6,392 bu.; withdrawals, 4,351 bu.; in store, 84,756 bu.

The feeling to the market was strong but there was no trading, either for cash or future delivery in any of the different grades, except No. 2 white, May, which sold at 34⅝c against 34⅜c asked yesterday.

ON THE CALL TO-DAY.

No. 2 CORN.—Cash. 26⅞c bid, 27¼c asked; Jan., 27c bid, 27¼c asked; Jan., last half, 27c bid, no offerings; Feb., 27¾c bid, 28½c asked; March, no bids nor offerings; April, 29c bid, no offerings; May, 31¼c bid, 31½c asked.

No. 3 CORN—Cash, no bids nor offerings,

No. 4 CORN.—Cash, no bids nor offerings.

No. 2 WHITE CORN—Cash, 28¼c bid, 29c asked; Jan. and Feb. no bids nor offerings; May, 10 cars, 34⅝c.

HIGH MIXED CORN.—Cash, no bids nor offerings

OATS.—No. 2 cash, no bids nor offerings; Jan. and Feb., 26½c bid, no offerings; May and rejected, no bids nor offerings.

RYE.—No bids nor offerings.

FLOUR.—Steady. Demand light. Sales 700 bbls. fancy at $3.80 ₩ bbl. in sacks.

Quotations are for unestablished brands in car lots, per ½ bbl in sacks, as follows: XX $1.00; XXX, $1.10@1.20; Family, $1.30@1.40; Choice, $1.55@1.65; Fancy, $1.85@1.95; Patent, $2.30@2.35; Rye, $1.45@1.70. Buckwheat, ₩ bbl., $7.00.

Job lots from city mills, 10@20c higher.

MILLSTUFFS.—Quiet.

The ruling quotations for car lots are as follows: Corn meal, nominal; green, 65c; kiln dried, 70c. Corn chop, ₩ 100 lbs, 59c sacked. Shipstuffs, ₩ 100 lbs, 45@53c. Bran, steady; consignments from first hands, ₩ 100 lbs. bulk, 49c, sacked, 56c; on orders higher prices are charged. Pearl hominy, lb bbl., $3.25.

Corn meal from city mills, 10@15c higher.

HAY—Receipts 6 cars. Best firm, Low grade very dull. We quote: Fancy, small baled, $6 50; large baled, $6 00; medium, $4.50@5.50; common, $2.50@3.50.

OIL-CAKE—Sacked—Per 100 lbs. $1.25; $23.00 per ton free on board cars. Car lots, $22.00 ₩ ton.

Comparative Statement.

The following table shows the prices of Wheat, Corn, Oats and Rye at the close of 'change to-day in comparison with the previous day and previous years:

	To-day.	Prev. day.	1885.	1884.
No. 1 r w w..........	....		....	....
No. 2 r w w..........	69	69	61¼	82
No. 3 r w w..........	51	51⅛	55⅛	72½
No. 2 corn..........	27		29⅛	41¾
No. 2 oats..........	26½	....	24½	28
No. 2 rye..........	....	....	....	47⅛

Elevator Reports.

The following table shows the amount of grain received, withdrawn and in store at the regular elevators, as reported by the board of trade to-day:

Grain.	Received	Withdr'n	In Store
Wheat..................	5,495	4,542	932,741
Corn..................	6,392	4,351	84,756
Oats..................	....	....	45,716
Rye..................	....	....	5,154
Barley..................	....	....	839
Total..................	11,887	8,893	1,069,206

Chicago Markets.

Furnished by French Brothers, Grain and Commission merchants, rooms 4 and 5 Merchants Exchange, Kansas City, Mo.:

(1 o'clock closing.)

Jan. 8.	Opened	Highest	Lowest	Closed	Ys'd'y
Wheat, Feb	82¼	82½	82	82⅛	82⅛
Wheat May	87⅞	88⅜	87¾	87⅞	87⅞
Corn, Feb..	36⅜	36⅝	36⅜	36½	36⅝
Corn, May.	39¾	40	39¾	39⅞	39¾
Oats, May.	31⅜	31⅝	31⅜	31⅝	31½
Pork, Feb.	10 32½	10 32½	10 27½	10 32½	10 32½
Pork, May	10 62½	10 65	10 55	10 62½	10 62½
S. R. Feb..	5 10	5 12½	5 10	5 12½	5 10
Lard, Feb.	6 07½	6 12½	6 07½	6 10	6 10

Receipts in Chicago: Spring wheat, 31 cars; winter wheat, 11 cars. Corn, 103 cars. Oats, 72 cars.

Wheat closed: Jan., 81⅞c; March, 82⅝c; corn closed: Jan., 36⅜c; March, ...; April, ... Oats closed. Feb., 28¼c.

Receipts: Wheat, 26,000 bu.; corn, 70,000 bu.; oats, 51,000 bu.

Shipments: Wheat, 5,000 bu.; corn, 19,000 bu; oats, 38,000.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.,
Friday, Jan. 8, 1886.

CATTLE—Receipts to-day, 360. There was a reduced supply to-day on account of blockaded roads. Market strong and active and 15c higher. The following are representative

SALES:

No.	Av.Wt.	Price.
34 native shipping steers..........	1351	$4 80
19 native shipping steers..........	1344	4 65
17 native shipping steers..........	1175	4 40
51 native shipping steers..........	1216	4 40
93 native shipping steers..........	1310	4 70
16 native shipping steers..........	1275	4 55
21 native shipping steers..........	1203	4 45
18 native butcher steers..........	1186	4 25
10 native butcher steers..........	984	3 60
18 native butcher steers..........	1023	3 80
9 native butcher steers..........	1036	4 00
44 native cows..........	868	2 25
10 native cows..........	838	2 00
25 native cows..........	1114	3 16
18 native cows..........	1051	3 00
23 native cows..........	910	3 05
3 native oxen..........	1636	4 25
1 native bull..........	1400	2 35
1 native bull..........	1420	2 25

HOGS—Receipts to-day 1,527. Market active and 5c higher. The following are repreentative

SALES:

No.	Av. Wt.	Pr.	No.	Av. Wt.	Pr.	No.	Av. Wt.	Pr.
35	395	$4 10	35	354	$4 05	53	253	$3 85
47	244	3 85	64	257	3 85	49	365	4 10
54	260	3 90	48	271	3 90	66	265	3 85
58	291	3 90	63	280	3 90	55	260	3 85
52	271	3 85	67	247	3 85	56	299	3 80
60	260	3 80	63	257	3 80	39	271	3 80
54	247	3 80	63	219	3 80	72	231	3 80
59	234	3 77½	65	238	3 75	57	207	3 75
13	233	3 75	105	222	2 70	36	123	2 80
14	155	3 25	24	120	3 00			

SHEEP—Receipts to-day, 189. Market nominally unchanged.

Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—HOGS—Receipts, 29,000. Market weaker and 5c lower; light, $3.40@3.85; rough packing $3 55@3 80; heavy packing and shipping, $3.80@4.10.

CATTLE—Receipts, 5,200. Market active and 10@15c higher; Beeves, $3 75@5 75; cows, $2.00@4.00; stockers, $2.85@$4.25.

SHEEP—Receipts, 5,000. Market easier; common, $2 50; good, $3.75@4 75.

Wheat closed: Feb., 81¾c: May, 87½c. Corn closed: Feb., 36½c; May, 39⅞c. Oats closed: May, 31½c. Pork closed: Feb., $10 30; May, $10 60; Short ribs closed: Feb., $5 10. Lard closed: Feb., $6 10.

Wheat closed: Jan., 81½c; March, 82¼c. Corn closed: Jan., 36⅜c; March, ...; April, ... Oats closed: Feb., 28¼c.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 8.—HOGS—Receipts, 5,600; shipments, 4,700. Market higher; yorkers, $3 65@3 70; packers, $3 75@3 90; butchers, $4 00@4 10.

CATTLE—Receipts, 400; shipments, 800. Market quiet; native shipping steers, $4 50@5 25; general butchering stock, $3 25@4 70.

WHEAT—Market active and ½@⅝c higher. No. 2 red, cash, 90½c; Jan., 90¼c; Feb., 92c asked; May, 97¾c.

CORN—Market quiet and higher. No. 2 mixed, cash, 33⅝c; Jan., 33½c; Feb., 34⅛c; May, 36⅝c.

OATS—Market easy; No. 2 mixed cash, 29⅝c; Jan. 28⅛c bid; May, 31¼c.

PORK—Steady at $10 40.

LARD—$5 95@6 00.

WHISKY—$1 10.

FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARGAIN—THE FURniture and leases of a large number of boarding and rooming houses on the east and west sides from $200 to $2,000.

Also several restaurants and saloons doing a rushing business. B. HUTCHINS,
98 548 Main st.

TO RENT—BY B. HUTCHINS.

Brick residences, 8 rooms, 222 Missouri ave., with a fine lot, fruit trees, shrubbery, etc.. $45.

Brick, 10 rooms and bath, 1025 Wyandotte st., $55.

New brick, 7 rooms, 1725 Locust st., $30.

Brick, 8 rooms, bath, etc., 606 Penn st., $15.

Frame, 6 rooms, Locust and Twentieth sts., $16.

New frame, 7 rooms and bath, Tracy ave., $35.

Additional frame and brick houses, on various streets from $10 to $65 each.

Frame store, 1523 W. Ninth st., $75.

98 B. HUTCHINS, 548 Main st.

1209 E. ELEVENTH ST.—2 ROOMS TO RENT $8. 99

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR BOOKS. CHEAPest book store in the west, 900 Union ave. STEPHEN REGAN. Money loaned on law and medical books.

LADY WITH COMFORTABLE HOME AND NO children would like a baby or small child to care for; terms reasonable. Address box 137, Armstrong, Kas. 102

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, German or Swede preferred; wages $3.50 per week. Northeast corner Eighth and McGee sts. 09

THE KANSAS CITY STAR

115 WEST SIXTH STREET,

KANSAS CITY, - - MISSOURI.

THE STAR is published every evening (Sunday excepted). Served by carriers in Kansas City, Wyandotte and other contiguous towns at ten cents per week. Elsewhere when served by carriers, twelve cents per week. Price per copy, two cents. By mail, postage prepaid, fifty cents per month, payable in advance. Persons desiring THE STAR served at their houses can secure it by postal card request, or order through telephone No. 818. Where delivery is irregular, please make immediate complaint to the office.

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THE STAR controls and publishes exclusively the full day press reports and a large line of special telegrams.

THE STAR has a larger average daily circulation than any other daily newspaper published between St. Louis and San Francisco.

Address THE STAR,
Kansas City, Mo.

FRIDAY, - - JAN. 8, 1886.

Probabilities.

For this section: Generally fair and slowly rising temperature in northern portions; colder weather in southern portion, followed by slightly warmer.

State of the thermometer Jan. 8, furnished by G. B. Lichtenberg, optician, 717 Main street:
Minimum, 12; maximum, 2; mean, 7, all below.
A. M.—8 o'clock, 10; 9, 8; 10, 6; 11, 6; 12, 3, all below.
P. M.—1 o'clock, 2.
Aneroid barometer—8 a. m., 30.25; 12 m., 30.30.
Same date last year—Minimum, 34; max., 57.

THE KANSAS CITY STAR'S daily circulation for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 2, 1885, was as follows:

Monday, Dec. 28	15,362
Tuesday, Dec. 29	15,420
Wednesday, Dec. 30	15,070
Thursday, Dec. 31	15,070
Friday, Jan. 1	14,400
Saturday, Jan. 2	15,500
Total for the week	90,822
Daily average for the week	15,133

THE merchants and shippers of Kansas City and the Missouri valley can compel the railroads forming the Southwestern pool to abandon that robbing combination if they only address themselves to the work with intelligence and vigor.

THE Southwestern pool increased the rate of freight on coal $1 per ton on the 1st of January notwithstanding the fact that prior to that date the rate was $1.50 greater than to Minneapolis. There is no limit to the greed and gall of the Southwestern pool.

WITHOUT a jar, without a protest, the Republicans of the Ohio legislature decided to reelect Senator SHERMAN and that frigid gentleman will continue as president of the senate. The half of Ohio not owned by the Standard Oil company seems to be the personal property of the Mansfield statesman.

SPEAKER CARLISLE'S motive in placing JOSEPH PULITZER on the civil service reform committee is hard to divine. PULITZER was the first man in the country to urge the president to repudiate his campaign pledges and to advise wholesale removals of old officials. Perhaps, however, Mr. CARLISLE wants the spoilsmen to have a hearing and chooses their leader to represent them.

THAT Minneapolis and St. Paul, practically the same distance from Chicago that Kansas City is, should have any advantage in freight rates over this city is simply outrageous. That the cost of operating and maintaining railroads between Chicago and Minneapolis is much greater than between Chicago and Kansas City is recognized by all practical railroad men. Yet the merchants of Kansas City are to-day paying from 50 to 75 per cent more for transporting freight to and from Chicago than are the merchants of either St. Paul or Minneapolis.

IT cannot but be otherwise than that there is much suffering among the poor during this very severe weather. The Provident association is doubtless doing everything in its power to relieve the distress of the poor, but there is ample opportunity in nearly every neighborhood or within the personal knowledge of every kindly disposed person to give assistance to some needy family. There are many who need help who are deterred by a feeling of false pride, from asking it from the Provident association. These persons should not be permited to suffer, but can only be reached through individual effort.

PASTEUR, the French scientist, is now reaping the fruits of the fame he has attained in the shape of letters from American cranks who wish to offer advice or ask favors. Everything is suggested. There is nothing on earth but what the writers offer information about or want to learn something of. There appears to be a large class of people in this country whose sole occupation consists in writing silly letters to the people who have achieved prominence in some way. A person belonging to the *genus* crank will not hesitate at the expenditure of time and money required to cultivate the acquaintance of a great man. No matter whether he is your next door neighbor or whether he is located in Van Dieman's land, the result is the same. Every mail is burdened with letters from people who want to beg favors or tender advice. PASTEUR'S case is no exception to the rule.

THERE will soon be a chance for American enterprise to get a foothold at the isthmus of Panama. The canal which DE LESSEPS undertook to build has proved a veritable white elephant on his hands, and after he spends a few more millions of dollars on the work and wastes a few more thousands of men in the disease-laden marshes of the isthmus, he will be forced to let go. The scheme has proved a failure under the present management, and it is only a question of time when the whole undertaking must collapse. The French government, which has been backing the enterprise financially, is so hopelessly involved in debt that money will be forthcoming from that source in very scant sums in the future. Already signs of hesitation at complying with the demands for loans are being manifested, and as a large part of the work is still to be done, there is a day not far distant when the supply of casn will cease altogether and the work be abandoned. When that time comes American capital and Yankee ingenuity will take hold of the work and finish it. A recent application was made to the French government for a loan, but the ministry, which has to carry about the largest of all national debts, was very reluctant to grant any aid, and declined to do so until a commission appointed for that purpose had examined the work to see if the loan would be justified. DE LESSEPS'S day on the isthmus is about over.

THE following, from the Philadelphia *Record*, is just as applicable to Kansas City as to Philadelphia, and is well worth the consideration of all advertisers:

"The philosophy of holiday advertisers who fill the columns of newspapers with their announcements in the holiday season, when everybody wants to purchase, and then abstain from advertising on the theory that nothing further is to be gained by publicity, will not stand the test of examination.

"Large buyers and judicious buyers who do not want trinkets keep away from the stores in the holiday season. They know that they can do better after the holidays are over.

"Advertisers who understand their business advertise more heavily in the season of dull trade than in the season of lively trade. It is the slow horse that needs the lash, not the fast one.

"Newspapers, as a general thing, do not sell so well and are not so thoroughly read during the distractions of the holidays as they are before and afterward. The whole value of an announcement to the advertiser depends upon the circulation of the newspaper, and the holiday season gives no greater advantages in this respect than other times in the year.

"The steady-goers are the successful advertisers. They build up great businesses by keeping themselves before the public summer and winter, and whether it rains or shines, or is a feast day or a fast day."

Amusements.

Notwithstanding the bad weather a good audience was drawn to the Gillis last night by "A Tin Soldier." The popularity of this bit of nonsense seems to grow nightly. Matinee to-morrow.

The sale of seats for the engagement of the Florences at the Coates began this morning. The prospects are for a big patronage.

The Demorest opera company will give the "Chimes of Normandy" for the last time the Music Hall to-night. The Bridges twins appear to-morrow afternoon and evening.

Helping a Man Draw $2,000.

Detroit Free Press.

I was in Chicago, you know, and was picking my teeth on the walk in front of the Tremont house after a good breakfast, when a well dressed, good-looking man comes up to me and says:

"Why, how do you do, Mr. Pepsin? How are all the folks in Detroit?"

I shook hands with him and assured him that everybody was well and hearty and gaining on it.

"No place like old Detroit," he says, heaving a sigh which bulged out his vest like a balloon. "I just wish I was back there again."

"Then you used to live there?" I asked.

"Was born there, sir. Panic of 1872 swept us overboard. We lost $80,000 in six months. How are Aldermen Gies, Westcott, Jacob and the other boys getting on?"

I told him they were just rolling in fat and wealth, and he seemed much gratified at the information.

"Say!" he suddenly put in, "maybe you want to see the climax to a very funny incident? I bought a ticket in a lottery running here in Chicago, and paid $2 for it. I sold it to my wife for a dollar. She sold it to a friend for 75 cents. The friend turns around and sells it to me for half a dollar. Last night I got notice that the ticket had drawn $2,000."

"No!"

"Sure as shooting! I'm just on my way to the office on Clark street to get the money. If you havn't anything pressing on hand walk over."

I went with him. If there is anything on earth I do despise it is a man who can't stand by and encourage another man to draw $2,000 in a lottery. The fortunate fellow was very talkative, and he grew confidential enough to ask me whether he had better buy his wife a seal-skin sacque or a pair of diamond ear-rings. I advocated the diamonds. Seal-skin wears out and grows shabby, but diamonds are alwas O K with a pawnbroker.

We finally reached the place. It was up two or three flights of stairs, with two or three turns to the right and left. The man in the office looked shabby and lonesome, but I didn't lay that up against him. I'd have looked the same way if I had lost $2,000 in cash. My friend introduced himself, exhibited his ticket, and the lonesome man fetched a groan of despair and handed him a roll of money as big as my arm. Then my Detroit friend whispered to me that the lottery man had a game or two there. They weren't wicked games, but just something to stimulate the system and throw off the bile. He wanted me to go in with him and help clean the lonesome man out of a cool thousand.

I took to the proposition very kindly. It don't wish anybody any harm, but if I can get ahead of a lottery man I'm going to do it. We had to urge him a little before he would consent to open his games. Then he set out what he called a "baby drawing." You bought your ticket and there was no delay in ascertaining whether you had drawn a prize or not. My friend and I went in to bust that bad man up and wreck and ruin him. We chipped in $20 apiece and the result was a cash prize of 25 cents. Then we put up $40 in partnership and the tickets all drew blanks. By this time we had both got mad, and we went down for $50 apiece and yelled for blood. Our cash return was 50 cents. Then I began to reflect. Was it right for us to hop on that poor man that way and financially ruin him? No! The man from Detroit who lost $80,000 in the panic was anxious for Me to go another hundred, but I wouldn't. my. natural sympathies had been aroused, and I wouldn't conspire to ruin no man's prospects, I went down stair alone, leaving my friend up there to carry out his fiendish intentions. As I reached the street a policeman came along and queried:

"Leave any money up there?"

"About $90," I answered.

"Want to make a complaint?"

"For what?"

"Against the place. It's a bunko shop."

"What's a bunko shop?"

He looked at me a long time, as if trying to remember something. Then he suddenly re-membered it and said:

"You are the biggest fool I've met in forty years."

He was evidently jealous of my success in busting the bank.

An Ingenious Beggar.

The Broadway street railroad is afflicted with a beggar whose ways are at least ingenious. He is accustomed to stop a car on a down town trip in the evening when the passengers are not so busy but that they can look around upon their neighbors. He then appears inside, a picture of cold and ragged misery. His one leg is assisted by a broken down pair of crutches, and his unkempt beard completes a wretched appearance. Not a word does he speak, but sits with most dejected air, his head bent upon his shoulders, until the conductor interrupts his saddened thoughts by a demand for his fare. After long and anxious struggles in ragged pockets he fishes out four pennies but seeks in vain for the fifth. A gulp or two of suppressed emotion, then a tear that will escape, and he gives a piteous look at his neighbor as he holds out the four coppers in his hand and asks gently for the fifth, saying that he thought he had just enough. The repressed emotion of the passengers at such gentleness and modesty in distress burst forth, and in spite of all the poor man's efforts to prevent the shame of taking assistance, twenty or more coppers pour into his lap. He murmurs something about a good room once more, and his head sinks down again. But the inexorable conductor taps his shoulder once more with his demand for fare.

"Conductor, where does the car go?" says the poor man in a broken voice, still choking with emotion.

"Battery," is the conductor's laconic reply.

"Great Scott! Man! Don't you know I want to go to Delmonico's?" And, with a hearty laugh the cripple is safe in the street, ready for the next car, before the conductor can grab him to give him the shaking he so richly deserves.

Fictions About Royal Personages.

London Truth.

Nobody ever pays the smallest attention to the "authorized" fictions which are circulated whenever a royal personage is ill. It is the invariable custom to assure inquirers that very little is amiss with the patient, who is always reported to be "going on favorably," although at the very time he is known to be going straight to his grave. Plenty of people still remember that not a whisper of Prince Albert's fatal illness got into the papers until four days before his death, and then it was announced in the *Court Circular* that his malady was "unattended by unfavorable symptoms," although at that time there was scarcely a hope of his recovery. Royalties are morbidly averse to being thought ill, and the silly craze is particularly strong among our people.

Took in a Partner.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Goehan & Co., furniture dealers, were closed by the sheriff this morning. The firm did an extensive business.

An Offer.

The new town of Dunreith, in Dakota, offers $300 and a town lot to the first boy baby born in the place.

THE CITY.

An Intensely Cold Wave Blows in from the North.

Through Trains for the West are Abandoned.

Why Kansas City Consumers Pay So Much for Gas.

A Car Consumed---Other Local News of To-day.

Down Below Zero.

The promised cold wave reached this city about 8 o'clock last night, but the mercury dropped slowly and at 9 o'clock marked only four degrees below zero. Before midnight, however, the cold became intense and the streets were wholly deserted by all barring a few policemen, who were hastening from point to point to make schedule time. The wind blew from the north with terrific force and drove the keen, biting air through the thickest of clothing. The atmosphere seemed to transmit sound with double distinctness and every foot fall sent forth a clear, crackling sound that was unusually penetrating. The crack of a whip could be heard the distance of a block, while the whistle of a locomotive at the Union depot was audible over a large portion of the city.

Thermometers in different parts of the city tell different tales as to the intensity of the cold. At Lichtenberg's the lowest registered by the thermometer was 14 degrees below zero. That was between midnight and morning. At 7 o'clock this morning it was 12 below, at 8 o'clock 10 below, at 9 o'clock 8 below, and at 10 o'clock 6 below. The weather was not as severe last night by several degrees as it has been in years past, but the heavy wind made it seem like an arctic night in mid winter.

Reports from the suburbs show that thermometers hung out in exposed localities registered from sixteen to twenty degrees below zero. This morning eight or ten drug stores in different parts of the city were called by telephone and gave the record of different thermometers as follows:

William Abel, 1419 East Eighteenth street; fifteen below at 9 a. m.; thirteen below at 10 o'clock.

Anchor drug store, Sixteenth and Penn streets, eighteen below at 6:30 a. m.

At Sam Howard's, Forest and Independence avenues, it was eighteen below.

H. L. Clare, Twelfth and Harrison streets, thirteen below at 7 o'clock.

C. E. Corcoran, Ninth street and Troost avenue, sixteen below at 7 o'clock.

T. H. Edwards, Fourteenth and Lydia avenue, thirteen below at 9 o'clock.

Marshall & Keith, Independence and Brooklyn avenues, sixteen below at 9 o'clock.

J. T. Young, Seventeenth and Jarboe streets, fourteen below at 7 o'clock.

At H. M. Bacon's store in Armstrong the thermometer registered eighteen below at 8 o'clock.

At the city hospital it was fifteen below at 8 o'clock.

The Trains.

The storm has completely demoralized trains both east and west of this city. Not a single train on any line arrived at the Union depot on time, this morning. Most of the incoming trains from the east were only a few hours late, however, and reached the city without accident. The western roads are completely under snow and no attempt is made to run trains west of Topeka. Nos. 22 and 25 on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road were abandoned as also were trains on the B. & M. The Union Pacific road is making no attempt to run any but local passenger trains. A large California excursion party arrived during the night but the Santa Fe company could not take the party out of the city. The excursionists hung about the depot trying to make the best of their unpleasant situation, but their faces indicated they heartily wished that they were back in their eastern homes. Every time a yard engine whistled they would rush out of the room hoping to hear the conductor's pleasant "all aboard" ring in their ears. In a few minutes they would return and hang fondly over the radiator to warm their benumbed fingers. Everybody about the depot was talking of delayed trains and blizzards. Kneppe, the depot telegraph operator had his good nature taxed to its utmost limit, by the hundreds of snow-bound passengers, who wanted information about the storm on the prairies. The waiting rooms were thonged with people and nearly all were through passengers who had arrived during the night. They will probably have to remain in the city several days as no attempt will be made to run any but local western trains before next week.

The Poor.

Superintendent Furgason, of the Provident association, says he has ample supplies to meet the immediate demands on the organization. Contributions of clothing and food are coming in rapidly; as fast, in fact, as the association can handle them. "Of course," said Mr. Furgason, "there is a great deal of suffering this extremely cold weather which is beyond the reach of the Provident association. For instance, there is one family which we know is suffering from both cold and hunger, but the mother's pride prevents our giving any assistance. She says she will not call on us until it is absolutely necessary."

He Resigned.

The new patrolmen who were put on at the time of the gas works explosion complained bitterly of last night's cold. This morning Frank T. Wade, one of the special force, walked into the quarters and handed his badge and revolver to Captain Ditsch, and resigned. He said it was not the cold weather that caused him to resign, but he thought he could get a better position. Officer Jeter, of the mounted force, had his ears nipped yesterday afternoon in the suburbs. Several officers have met with slight misfortunes, but, happily, nothing serious has occurred as yet.

The Coal Men.

The coal men can not conceal the regret they feel that the price of coal was reduced at such an inopportune time. They all say, however, that the present prices will be maintained, but it is generally understood that there will be no further reductions. Had we known what sort of weather was in store for us," said a coal man, "I think the members of the pool would have suppressed their indignation for a time. Could they have anticipated the coming of this blizzard, this ruinous cut would not have occurred. I think the local coal trade has doubled in the past twenty-four hours.

THE RIVERVIEW CABLE ROAD.

A Large Amount of Property Said to Have Been Donated to the Syndicate.

It was reported several weeks ago that a syndicate had been formed for the purpose of building a cable road from Riverview to the new stock yards, provided property owners on the west side of the Kaw would donate the syndicate 150 acres of land lying near Riverview. Among those who agreed to donate property was Mr. Louis Hammerslough. It is now reported that 100 of the 150 acres have been promised and as soon as the remaining fifty acres have been secured, steps will be taken to secure the francise. It is understood that the cable will connect with the elevated road at the Sixth street bridge. There have been reports out that arrangements would be made to run the cars through to the eastern part of the city, via Independence avenue, but if this is done an alliance will have to be formed with Mr. Corrigan's system and then the cars could be run by cable only a portion of the distance.

Police Court News.

The cold weather had a chilling effect upon the recorder's court this morning, and his honor administered justice while holding his feet in close proximity to a cheerful fire. City Attorney Campbell also had a remarkable desire to cold forth near the stove, and so addressed the court from a seat on the other side of the stove. A male and female, two inebriates, where the only ones fined, and these received the usual amounts. The case against Frank M. Slutz, the wealthy milkman arrested for adulterating his milk, has been continued to Jan. 16. He will fight the case and has engaged Major Wofford to represent him. Sanitary Sergeant Schrumpf came to the front with a nuisance case against a commission man. Schrumpf found cabbage leaves in front of the man's place of business and testified that "the cabbage leaf is the most filthy thing in the American country." The gentleman was discharged.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Decisions Rendered in the Upper Court To-day.

The following is the business done in the court of appeals this morning:

W. C. Haggard, et al., defendant in error, vs. T. G. Galloway, plaintiff in error; Bates county; motion to dismiss suit of error filed by the defendant in error and motion sustained.

Meadows vs. Roloson; Davies county; motion to affirm judgment sustained.

State, respondent, vs. Peter M. Deny, appellant; Carroll county; submitted on brief by appellant, and upon record by respondent.

State, defendant in error, vs. George Suess, plaintiff in error; Carroll county; continued to March term.

Same vs. same, same; same.

Same, respondent, vs. same, appellant, same; argued and submitted.

Arthur Storms, respondent, vs. Thomas D. and N. M. White, appellant, Carroll; continued as per stipulations.

S. C. Langer, respondent, vs. W. S. Couch, et al. appellant, Carroll county; submitted on brief.

Jesse Johnson, respondent, vs. Henry Kaune, appellant, Bates county; same.

Singer Manufacturing company, appellant, vs. L. Hibbs, respondent, Bates county; continued to next term.

Edwin A. Phillips, appellant, vs. A. Schall, et al, respondent, Benton county; argued and submitted.

On motion of J. V. C. Karnes, O. H. Dean was enrolled as an attorney.

WHY GAS IS DEAR.

The Outrageous Price Which a Large Coal Consumer Pays Annually to the Pool Association.

Colonel Payne, of the Gas company, gives an instance which illustrates the system of robbery now being enforced on the people of Kansas City by the Southwestern railroad pool. Pennsylvania coal is delivered in Minneapolis and St. Paul for $4.25 a ton. The same coal cost, up to Jan. 1, $5.75 delivered in Kansas City. The distance from the mines is about the same. The pool association has been robbing the people of this city of $1.50 on every ton of coal shipped from the Pennsylvania mines. The Kansas City Gas company, which consumes 14,000 tons of Pennsylvania coal annually, is virtually robbed of $21,000 a year by the pool. The people bear the burden of this monstrous robbery by paying practically twenty-five cents more per 1,000 feet of gas than they would be charged if coal could be obtained here for Minneapolis figures. Colonel Payne says, in fact, that if the pool could be made to reduce its rate to the Northwestern figure he would reduce the cost of gas to consumers twenty-five cents per 1,000 feet. As most of the Pennsylvania coal is shipped by barge to Cincinnati, thence to the northwest by rail, it is evident that Kansas City should have the cheaper rate.

The above estimates were based upon the price which the gas company paid for the coal delivered up to a date agreed upon at the time the coal was purchased. Colonel Payne has just received a circular stating that the freight rates will be advanced $1 per ton for coal delivered to the gas company after the expiration of the old agreement. The company will hereafter have to pay $6 75 for every ton of Pennsylvania coal it purchases, or $2.50 more than is paid by Minneapolis consumers.

"BUSY NOW."

An Interesting Fact Concerning this Stereotyped Phrase Which Has Grown to be the Favorite Song of the Telephone.

"Put me on record 'busy now' until 4 o'clock this afternoon." The order, thanks to a crossed wire, was accidentally overheard by a STAR man this morning as he was about to retire from the telephone with the provoking, everlasting 'busy now' still ringing in his ears. A few inquiries among business men developed the fact that hundreds of firms are in the habit of going on the "busy now record" for a certain number of hours each day. By this plan they escape the persecution of the incessantly ringing telephone bell, and still have the instrument for use when it is needed. It is a simple plan for gagging the telephone by reducing its usefulness just one-half. It appears from this explanation that the sweet-voiced author of "bu-sy n-o-w" is not wholly responsible for the evil.

Criminal Court Matters.

F. H. Gehlker and Michael Burke, the two men indicted for making a felonious assault upon Patrick Ryan, this morning entered pleas of guilty, and were fined $100 each.

Jasper Bogard, the little boy on trial yesterday for poisoning Mr. Anderson, near Independence, was found guilty by the jury and given five years in the penitentiary. Being under 18 years of age, Judge White changed the sentence to six months in the county jail.

To Aid Street Boys.

A large number of ladies and gentlemen assembled at the Y. M. C. A. rooms yesterday afternoon to form an organization to help the boys of the city. W. A. Wilson presided. The report of the committee appointed at the last meeting was submitted. The same committee was instructed to draft a constitution for the government of the organization. Another meeting will be held Monday at 4 o'clock.

Bursted Steam Pipes.

The bursting of the steam pipes in Chapin & Gore's restaurant filled the dining room with vapor and created a temporary stampede this morning. The damage was slight and the bursted pipes readily repaired.

Horse Thieves.

Charles Williams and John Martin were taken to Nevada, Mo., this morning by Sheriff Hill, of Vernon county. They stole three horses and a mule from a farmer named Steward, who lives near Nevada, and were captured at Linden.

Keene's Departure.

Thomas W. Keene, the tragedian, and his party, will not leave on a special train this evening, as expected, but has postponed the trip until Monday, on account of the extreme change of the weather. He is still improving.

A Defective Flue.

A defective stove pipe in the residence of Geo. Smith, owned by Samuel Cooper, at 550 Oak street, caused a run for the department at 8:50 o'clock this morning. The damage amounted to $5.

Officers Installed.

Kansas City lodge No. 1255, Knights of Pythias, installed officers at Pythian hall last night.

Local branch No. 5, order of Iron Hall, installed officers last night.

Under False Pretenses.

Jack Cloon was arrested yesterday on a warrant sworn out by a countryman. Cloon is charged with receiving money under pretense of getting a situation for the man, which he did not do.

Medical Meeting.

The Jackson County Medical society held a meeting last night, Dr. L. A. Berger presiding. Three new members were admitted to the society, and papers were read by severel members.

Board of Education.

The board of education met in regular session last night. Bills amounting to $7,559,-22 were allowed. Some other routine business was transacted.

Clerk's Report.

The report of Dr. Wood shows the number of deaths for December to be 113; births 133; death rate per 1,000, 12.91; birth rate per 1,000, 15.2.

Car Burned.

About noon to-day a Missouri Pacific passenger car standing on a track near the Union depot caught fire from the stove in the car and was completely burned. The fire department made the run in good time, but too late to render much assistance. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars.

No Damage Done.

A defective flue burning out at 316 East Sixteenth street caused an alarm of fire to be turned in at 5:40 last evening. No damage.

Personal.

Mr. Hammerslough, the clothier, returned yesterday from New York.

PRIZE FIGHT IN ENGLAND.

Details of a Combat for the Championship and a Thousand Dollars.

London Daily Telegraph.

The *Sportsman* publishes the following report of a fight for the championship of England and £200: "The most important fistic encounter that has taken place in the old country for years, and which revived the time honored—but supposed to be defunct—title of champion of England, was successfully brought off yesterday, (Wednesday). The strong arm of the law, which has done so much to suppress the Britisher's right to buffet or to be buffeted to his heart's content in the roped square, compels us to be guarded against betraying an identity, and therefore what has to be said must necessarily for the combatants themselves be kept to as vague lines as possible. The match under notice has been the subject of intense interest in sporting circles for some time, and upon the issue apart from the stakes, an unusually large amount of wagering depended. Considering this and the almost international phase the fight assumed, matters relating to the exact time and place of meeting were kept particularly quiet; still, the event was witnessed by about a hundred spectators, including a strong American contingent. Both men are well known as able heavy-weight boxers, but are almost too young to have had time to make any remarkable notoriety in the pugilistic world. 'A,' the younger of the two, though of Irish extraction, has been bred and born in London, is in his 22d year, stands 5 feet 8½ inches, and weighed yesterday 13 stone 1 pound. 'B' is 26 years of age, is 5 feet 9¼ inches high, and scaled 13 stone 4 pounds. The last alluded to made some name for himself in America through his having traveled with Mac during his tour in that country, and sparring with the long time England's champion. In addition to this he possesses an unbeaten character in the states, but has never met the so-called World's Wonder, J. L. Sullivan.

"Each combatant had been subjected to a careful preparation, and on stripping presented the very pink of condition, although to several practiced eyes 'A' could well have spared several pounds of flesh. He, however, had the call in the betting, which was fully justified by the surprise in store; for, expected as he was to make the better show, still no one anticipated for a moment that the end would be reached in so short a time, or that the issue would be so perfectly one sided. Five rounds were fought, occupying 22 minutes, and a twenty-four foot ring was used. From the uneven character of the proceedings a brief summary only is required. 'B,' who is certainly entitled to the high consideration given him for past big performances, was undoubtedly out classed from start to finish, notwithstanding his advantage in age, height, weight, and experience; in fact he betrayed as much smartness and aptitude for the business as are expected of our best light weights. He, if anything, made attentions to the body his chief tactics, but 'A' proved his master at all points, using both hands with remarkable skill. He took a strong lead from the first, and in his second round he received his only mark of punishment—to-wit, a cut over the left eye during infighting. At this early stage the immediate end was easily discernible, as 'A'—naturally a left-handed man—used his left for straight counter with terrific effect, and terminated rounds four and five by grassing his adversary with the adoption of the stroke alluded to, while the fifth sufficed to conclude the combat, inasmuch as 'B,' alone showing a depreciation of strength, was left almost completely at the mercy of his opponent, who, after a slight interval of in and out fighting, felled him with a cross counter that would have done the same to a bullock. This placed 'B' altogether beyond the power of bringing him up to time. And some idea of the weight of visitation made may be gathered when it is known that the most careful of attention only succeeded in bringing about a return of consciousness after a considerable lapse of time. It only remains to be remarked that, in the opinion of competent judges, the winner is the best at the game Edgland has produced for years, if not for all time. Besides being wonderfully clever, he possesses a magnificent Herculean physique, and, as his trained weight would imply, tremendous hitting power. He is certainly entitled to the proud distinction earned yesterday, and we have authority for saying that he can be matched at either new or old style against any one in the world—Sullivan preferred."

According to the *Sporting Life* the combatants were Jem Smith and Jack Davis, and it is the former who now holds the proud position of British champion.

Old Fred Bollinger's Millennium.

Special Dispatch to the Globe-Democrat.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—When it was settled beyond peradventure that the country was to have a Democratic administration there was nobody in Missouri who looked upon the result with more satisfaction than old Fred Bollinger, of Bollinger county. With him the defeat of the Republicans was occasion for thanksgiving. When Cleveland was inaugurated he felt that indeed "the scepter had returned to Judah." Those who met the old man in that frame of mind and heard his expressions, say that they came away feeling that they had talked with a political father in Israel.

The months went on, and Barney Carroll, the Republican collector of internal revenue in the swamp district of Southeast Missouri, made one of his periodical trips back into Bollinger, to inspect old Fred's still, and see that it was running straight; that the stamps were all right, and so on.

The old man came out, and, looking rather surprised, said:

"Howdy, Barney?"

—"Good day, Mr. Bollinger, replied the collector, hitching his horse and preparing for one of the usual official visits.

"You still in sarvice, Barney?" askod old Fred with increasing surprise.

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Carroll, cheerfully, getting his books out of the buggy. "No change yet."

"Cleveland war inaugurated, warn't he?" asked Mr. Bollinger, with some sharpness.

"Certainly," answered the collector. "We've got a Democratic president, had him three months now, you know."

"H'm," growled the Democratic patriarch. "Haint our people taken the tax off whisky yet?"

"No," said Mr. Carroll, "same law's still in force."

The old man turned and without another word, but with an air of profound perplexity mingled with an apparent effort at Christian resignation, led the way into the still house.

A General Exodus of Negroes.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 8.—Another large party of negroes, numbering several hundred, passed through this city yesterday en route from the Carolinas to Arkansas. The exodus of the negroes from the Carolinas, Georgia, and Alabama to the west is increasing each week. Full a thousand have passed through the city in the past fortnight, and hundreds of others are making arrangements to leave as soon as possible. The movement is more general than ever before, caused chiefly by high rents, bad crops and defective tenant-laws in this section of the south. The movement is beginning to be felt in all the states of the south and it is attracting wide-spead attention.

Steam to Direct Balloons.

"The new balloon constructed by the Meudon aeronauts will be directed," says *Nature*, "by a steam engine, as advocated by M. Henry Giffard. Electricity will be given up, owing to its want of power or continuous action."

Gladstone's Election Expenses.

Pall Mall Gazette.

Mr. Gladstone's election expenses amounted to £640. Mr. Gladstone was returned free of expense to himself.

A TRIPLE ROMANCE.

Marvelously Variegated Career of a Pardoned Bigamist's Wife—A Father Put Into an Insane Asylum to Facilitate a Daughter's Marriage.

Globe-Democrat.

MERRITT, Ill., Jan. 4.—The *Globe-Democrat* of Dec. 31 had the following special dispatch:

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 30.—Governor Hubbard has pardoned T. J. McAfee, alias Gerald Moore, from state's prison, where he was serving a three years' sentence for bigamy. The case has all the elements of a genuine romance. In 1880 McAfee left his wife in the Emerald Isle to seek a fortune in the new world. While making the ocean voyage his personal charms were admired by a Countess Von Mutzenbach, a charming brunette of 30 years, whom he met for the first time on board the steamer. Upon arriving at Castle Garden the twain were wedded. The fates of old Ireland were against him, for one day while walking the streets he met Thomas Lodge, the brother of his first wife. The unlawful couple immediately left the city to escape suspicion, and located in St. Paul. Here McAfee engaged in the book business under the name of Gerald Moore. Mr. Lodge, nevertheless, kept a weather eye out for his brother-in-law, and finally traced him with his newly made bride to this western country, and subsequently, on the arrival of his sister, Mrs. McAfee No. 1, the derelict husband was arrested for bigamy. To this charge he made no defense, but pleaded guilty. The Mesdames McAfee remained near each other, but never spoke as they passed by. Wife No. 2, whose love flame burned warmest, took up her residence in Stillwater, and constantly cared for her husband during his incarceration. Upon his release from jail he proceeded at once to wife No. 2, and they were apparently happy. Wife No. 1 has evidently abandoned all hopes of keeping her husband's love, and will as soon as she has been a resident of the state one year institute an action for divorce.

This Countess Von Mutzenbach, or Mrs. McAfee No. 2, as she stands at present, was a daughter of the late Commodore Meade, of the United States navy, and a niece of General George G. Meade, who commanded the Federal army at the battle of Gettysburg. While a young girl, yet in her teens, and quite a belle in aristocratic society, she became acquainted with Charles K. Landis, the founder of the City of Vineland, N. J., and at that time one of the most prosperous and best known business men in southern New Jersey. Mr. Landis became smitten with her charms, and although several years her senior, proposed marriage. Of course he was requested to ask her pa. He did so and met a stern and positive refusal. The girl being under age, under the laws of New Jersey, could not be legally married without her parent's consent. As Mr. Landis was wealthy and of unblemished character he demanded of the old commodore a bill of particulars as to why he refused him his daughter, to which the old gentleman replied that his great and insurmountable objection was his age.

Now, Landis was a bachelor of 34, and claimed that Mr. Meade had failed to state whether he thought him too young or too old to engage in a matrimonial enterprise, and that at the very best such an excuse was a mere subterfuge, given for want of more valid reasons and that he would be justified in resorting to extreme measures in getting his objections out of the way.

So, taking the prospective bride's older brother into his plans, they privately engaged board and lodging for the old gentleman in the Bloomington lunatic asylum, where, in spite of the old commodore's terrible rage at such a proceeding, they had him incarcerated for several months on a charge of being the possessor of a diseased mind. Having now got "the great objector" safely stowed away, Miss Meade was left without any responsible guardian, and in company with her older brother, to represent the good will of the family, she went with Mr. Landis before a minister and they were pronounced husband and wife.

During all this time the old gentleman was making things very lively at the asylum, and in a few months succeeded in getting released, when he proceeded at once to make things very interesting for Mr. Landis. The law of New Jersey reads that: If any woman not full of age shall marry without the permission or consent of her parents or guardians, the person officiating at such marriage shall be liable to a fine of $300, and such marriage shall be null and void." In this case the minister was safe, as Landis would promptly pay his fine for him; but under the latter clause of the law—declaring marriages under certain conditions to be null and void—was where the irate father proposed to get in his work. With this end in view he notified all the parties concerned that his daughter, who was an infant in the eyes of the law, having entered into matrimony without his parental consent and against his will, he should at once commence proceedings in the courts to have said marriage set aside, and should also make use of the agency of the law to recover damages for loss of the services and society of his daughter.

Mr. Landis looked upon these proceedings with some alarm, and began to cast about him to find the most effective means of thwarting the old sea-dog's proceedings in the courts. After consulting able counsel he selected his course and came off victorious. The New Jersey legislature was in session, and it would have been contrary to the whole previous history of the august law makers of that state to permit a man with plenty of genuine greenbacks to come to them in distress and go away without relief. So a very innocent-looking little bill was hastily rushed through both houses and became a law, the title of which read, "A bill to legalize the marriage of Charles K. Landis and Elvira Meade." The object and effect of this bill was to throw the old gentleman out of court and debar any further proceedings on his part looking to the recovery of his daughter or other interference with the marital relations of Mr. Landis. Of coure, the old commodore made the welkin ring with complaints of his mistreatment at the hands of his son and son-in-law, but he was powerless to get any other satisfaction.

But Landis did not long enjoy his victories in peace before new troubles arose of quite another character. His wife became hysterical, and at times gave evidence of mental unsoundness. Mr. Landis treated her tenderly, and sought the aid of the best medical talent in the country in her behalf.

At this stage of the proceedings another party became conspicuous in Landis's troubles. One Uriah Caruth was publishing a newspaper in Vineland, where Landis lived, and made it a specialty to pitch into Landis. While his frequent attacks upon Landis were of a character that would have exasperated most men, they went unnoticed by Landis until one morning the paper came out with an article ridiculing and making sport of Mrs. Landis's mental condition. Landis read the article and at once started out to find Caruth. Caruth was in his office, and the instant Landis got sight of him he fired at him with a large navy pistol. His aim was true, and he planted an ounce bullet in Caruth's brain. Strange as it may appear, Caruth was not instantly killed, and Landis was arrested and placed in the Cumberland county jail at Bridgeton, to await the result of Caruth's injuries. As Caruth began to improve Landis was released under $50,000 bail.

Caruth continued to improve in spite of the protests of the doctors, who claimed it was contrary to precedent and out of reason for a man to get well with an ounce of lead in his brain, and upon their repeated assertions that he was liable to die at any moment, he began to set his house in order, and made overtures to Landis that, for a certain amount of cash in hand, to make Caruth's family secure from want, he would leave the state and never come into it again, so that he could not be used as a witness against Landis in any criminal proceedings that might be brought against him. Landis received these overtures with favor, but before the bargain was concluded and the money paid Caruth made a visit to New York state to consult some friends, and while there he had a sudden relapse and died.

Landis was again placed in jail, and at the next term of the Cumberland county court he was indicted for murder in the first degree. The trial soon followed, and the prosecution seemed weak from the start. Public opinion was with Landis, and the jury returned a verdict of acquittal on the ground that at the moment of firing the shot Landis was laboring under a temporary fit of insanity, caused by great provocation on the part of Caruth, this verdict, of course, being but a roundabout way of saying that he served the editor right. Landis was now again free to pursue the even tenor of his way.

While Landis was in jail an event happened showing General Grant's opinion of country editors. At that time, and for several years prior to the shooting of Caruth, Landis had been the postmaster at Vineland City, an office at that time worth about $1,200 per year. While he was in jail a rival, who desired the office, got out a petition and had it numerously signed, and with a committee of friends went to Washington to lay the matter before the president and secure the appointment. President Grant received them courteously, and after hearing the statement asked them to accompany him into the auditor's room of the postoffice department. Here the general requested the auditor to look up the accounts of Mr. Landis, postmaster at Vineland, N. J. The auditor did as he was bidden, and in a few moments announced that his accounts were square and correct in every particular.

"But," said the committee, "he is in jail charged with murder."

"I understand the case," said the general, with a merry twinkle in his eye. "The only charge against him is that of shooting an editor, and I do not consider the charge sufficient to justify me in making any change. Good day, gentlemen," and Landis remained postmaster for two years longer when he resigned of his own accord.

But Landis's troubles were not ended. As his wife regained her mental equilebrium she developed unmistakable signs of being a vixen in temperament, which disposition she assiduously cultivated in her language and conduct toward Mr. Landis, and after many wordy controversies and practical displays of bad temper on both sides, they agreed to disagree and separate. Their separation had been of short duration before both appeared from time to time before the county court, asking mandatory orders from that august tribunal concerning the custody of their children. This continued for a year or more, when Mr. Landis learned some facts concerning the conduct of his troublesome spouse which enabled him to get a divorce. After the divorce proceedings she was furnished money, most probably indirectly from Landis, with which to travel abroad, and the courts and lawyers of southern New Jersey, saw one of their great sources of revenue take her departure in search of other worlds to conquer.

In due time it was reported that a rich count in the City of Nice had fallen captive and that the daughter of the old commodore had again become a bride. Soon Count Von Mutzenbaoh—so reads the husband's name—died. His death was beyond doubt due to natural causes, and was a matter of sincere sorrow and affliction to the bereaved widow, in spite of all the heartlessness with which she has been accused. A very remarkable fact with this count, and a very rare thing among "counts" who marry American women, was that he actually possessed some property, and his widow was reported to have had a legacy of $10,000 per year left her, to be paid as long as she should remain a widow. After her husband's death she returned to America, and on the steamer crossing the ocean she first met and became acquainted with McAfee. It seems to have been a case of love at first sight. But there was an obstacle in the way of their marrying, in the shape of McAfee's already having a wife, whom he had just left in Ireland, and whom he had promised to send for in a very short time. This wife was in Ireland and the loving pair were in America. It was decided to ignore the Irish wife's existence, as well as her marital rights, and the lovers proceeded to make the widow of the count a second Mrs. McAfee.

Scarcely had this been done when, as stated above, they accidentally met the brother of Mrs. McAfee No. 1, who began to investigate, when McAfee with wife No. 2 sought safety in flight, and under an assumed name, settled down and engaged in business in Minnesota. Fate, in the person of the irate brother, was against the elopers. The brother sent for wife No. 1 to come to America and assisted her in following up her sinful husband, who, when found, was arrested on a charge of bigamy and sentenced to a three-year term in the penitentiary. Now that he has been pardoned it remains to be seen what the next chaper will be.

Bashful unto Death.

Shelby (N. C.) Aurora.

A reputable young gentleman of Gaffneys, Mr. John Webster surprised his friends and fellow citizens by committing suicide at that place last Saturday morning at 1 o'clock. The evening before he had been to a dance, where he remained until about 11 o'clock, going away in a good state of mind, so far as his friends knew. He went to his room and retired. At about 1 o'clock he got up, put on a cheaper suit of clothes, and went out on the street, taking a pistol with him. He withdrew to an alley in the rear of some buildings, and shot himself in the region of the heart. He died in five or six hours.

Mr. Webster was a bookkeeper, and was a gentlemen of good character and held in high esteem by the people of his community. No one is able to devine the cause of the rash act. It is conjectured by some, however, that natural bashfulness, together with circumstances which aggravated that weakness, led to the act, for he was known to be an exceedingly modest and reticent young man.

When he returned from the dance and entered his room which he had occupied for months he found it preoccupied by a trio of young ladies. Going in upon them, two of whom were disrobed, greatly confused and embarrassed him. He appologized the best he could and explained that he did not know that his room had been changed. With his timid disposition, it is thought that the sense of humiliation from what is regarded a blunder was too great for him, and he decided to put an end to his life rather than face again the young ladies who were the cause of his embarrassment.

The Modern Watchmaker.

San Francisco Chronicle.

The only thing that doesn't care a cent about time is a watch. If the life of man were not limited to the three score and ten, with an allowance for those fellows who drink hard, smoke and chew tobacco, it would not matter, but as long as the present arrangements exist a timekeeper is an absolute necessity. The modern watchmaker is an offshoot of the watch manufacturer, and holds the same relation to him that an undertaker does to a doctor. The only lucky people with watches are the poor devils who have to pawn them and are never in a position to redeem. It's unsafe enough to buy a new watch. It is absolutely fatal to have it cleaned and repaired. Look here; you can buy a brand-new ticker for $3. It will not keep time. Those watches have a deadly hatred of the railroad monopolies, and now that the time has fallen entirely under their control the watches resent it and refuse to be guided by them. I say this $3 watch will not keep time, but it requires just as much oil as a $500 watch. Well, you've bought a watch for $3, we'll say. It stops. You go into a watchmaker's. He opens it, sticks a magnifying glass in his eye and diagnoses its complaint.

"It is dirty, that's all. It wants a little cleaning."

"How much?"

"Four dollars."

The man who makes the watch lives in a castle built out of the profits of $3 watches. Where the watchmaker lives I don't know, but he must hold the national debt as an investment. If he cleans it, I suppose he pays a commission to the watch manufacturer, for the watch never pretends to go after that.

Married Men as Duelists

London Figaro.

Here is a good story apropos of dueling. Rather less than three years ago two frequenters of the principal cafe at Arles quarreled, with the result that two friends of the one who considered himself the affronted party, waited on the other, a corn merchant in the town. The latter received them courteously, but after hearing their message sent them back to his antagonist with this reply: "Tell M. Carjuzac," he said, "that it would give me great pleasure to fight him were we on an equality as adversaries. But M. Carjuzac is a bachelor and I am a married man and the father of three children. Tell him that when he, too, is a married man and the father of three childred I will seriously consider his challenge."

SUBURBAN.

Wyandotte.

W. S. Boylan & Co. furnish the daily real estate transfers.

H. B. Cooper to A. R. Ford; lot 17, in block 8, in Armourdale	$ 400 00
H. G. Root et al. to H. B. Cooper: lots 21, 22, 23 and 24, in block 3, Ford & Root's addition	900 00
B. W. Lewis and wife to Wyandotte Townsite and Bridge company; 21⅜ acres in section 4, township 11 range 25	10,033 00
A. Smith and wife to Mrs. C. M. Van Fossen; lots 7 and 8, in block 1, Smith & Keating's addition	700 00
R. F. Robinson to same party; lots 16 and 17, in block 3, McAlpine's addition to Wyandotte	400 00
E. F. Serviss to L. H. Wood; lot 13, in block 86, Wyandotte	75 00
M. B. Haskell and wife to same party; lots 37 and 38, in block 34, Wyandotte	150 00
John Ewing to W. Clow; lot 2, in block 3, west sub-division	250 00
S. E. Allen et al. to James Hardie; lot 32, in block 2, Smith & Keating's addition to Wyandotte	1,450 00
Total	$15,158 00

Leave your orders for coal at 511 Minnesota avenue for Markle & Seaman.

The Misses Josie Myers and Nellie Elliott returned to Baker university, Baldwin City, yesterday. Miss Elliott spent the holidays in this city.

The carrier on south Minnesota avenue route was sick last night thus the cause of no papers on said route.

The K. of P. hold a public installation to-night in Zeitz & Stevens's hall.

Judge Wagstaff closed the district court yesterday. He returned to his home in Paola. He will soon retire from the bench.

A. W. Little left yesterday for southern Kansas.

The following officers were installed Wednesday night in the Odd Fellows' hall by Burnside post No. 28, G. A. R:

Post Commander, W. H. Hurry; S. V. C., J. H. Isbell; J. V. C., W. H. Hammone; surgeon, P. Eager; officer of the day, J. W. Daish; chaplain, Wm. Schumate; adjutant, J. R. Johuson; quartermaster, C. H. Carpenter; O. G., R. M. Bogara; S. M. W. W. McCune; Q. S. J. W. Longfellow. A very pleasant social meeting took place after the above ceremony was performed. Speeches, recitations and music were the chief programme. The evening paesed away very pleasantly.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

The county board was in session yesterday. The reports of the superintendent of public instruction, of poor farm and physician of poor farm, county treasurer and clerk were received and filed.

The clerk was instructed to advertise the following business:

For a bridge over Davis creek in Shawnee township, near M. K. Barber's, $900.

For a bridge on the Leavenworth road in Quindaro township, near C. Brune, $900.

For a culvert near the house of James 'Harra, in Shawnee township, $250.

For a culvert on the Parallel road between Wyandotte and Quindaro townships, $800.

Appropriations were made as follows:

For repairs to stock yard bridge, $1,200.

For a bridge in Shawnee township near George McDougall's, $300.

For a bridge near Downs's place in Quindaro township, $300.

For a bridge over Davis creek on bottom road near M. K. Barber's, $900.

The property known as the Fowler residence was sold for over $100,000 and was purchased by a well known business man of this city. Any information desired will be freely given by T. A. Scott & Co.

John O'Brien died this morning of consumption. The deceased was a young man of promise and his early death is much regretted by his many friends. He was 29 years of age and leaves a wife and one child to mourn his death. He lived in the southern part of this state up to about four mouths ago when he came to this city and was taken sick with the disease that brought on his untimely death. The funeral will propably take place Sunday from his mother's house on Emerson street.

Kansas City, Kas.

Try Swope's cough cure.

Take your prescriptions to Swope's.

James Davis, of Dallas, Tex., was in the city yesterday.

Judge Auld returned a finding for $42.95 the plaintiff in the suit of Mainhardt & Co., vs. Kerr.

The ice men are preparing for business. A number of firms were scraping and marking places for work on the Kaw.

The street cars drew off at 6 p. m. last night. Too cold for the drivers.

Armstrong.

The marriage ceremony of Joseph Drake to Miss Jennie Atkinson took place yesterday. Rev. Gray, of the M. E. church officiating. The wedding taking place at the bride's residence in Highland Park. A large number of friends were present and a good many valuable presents were given. The young couple will make their home in Kansas City, Mo.

On and after Monday, Jan. 11, 1886, I will sell strictly for cash at greatly reducec prices coal, wood, lime, cement and feed. You will find it to your interest to call, as I have broke loose from all associations and will do business to suit myself.

M. H. McHALE.

The terrible cold snap yesterday and last night caused many of the railroad boys to lay off to take care of frozen feet.

Argentine.

Tuesday the loss of a pony, saddle and bridle belonging to Frank Claber, step-son of W. F. Allsup, was discovered. The pony was used Monday afternoon and put away in the evening, but was gone in the morning. Every effort has been made to get a clew to the thieves, but as yet have proved unsuccessful.

M. Patton, one of the Santa Fe boys, has a carbuncle on his right hand, confining him to his room.

Neck-tie social to-night at Killmer's hall

Armourdale.

On and after Monday, Jan. 11, 1886, I will sell at greatly reduced prices, coal, wood, lime, cement and feed, strictly for cash. You will find it to your interest to call, as I have pulled loose from all associations and do business to suit myself. M. H. McHALE,
Corner of Eighth and Kansas avenue.

Major Anderson is able to attend to his regular duties.

The ice men were scraping the Kaw river above Morris, Butts & Co.'s packing house this morning preparatory to cutting ice.

Three C's.—There are three c's that seize the children and carry them off. The three c's are colds, coughs and croup. Mothers! Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup saves the little ones' lives.

The Golding Divorce Suit.

The plaintiff in the Wyandotte divorce suit mentioned yesterday, was Thomas Golding, and the defendant was Kate M. Golding.

If men are suffering tortures with tooth-ache they should not try to smile and look cool and handsome. How much wiser to ease the pain with a bottle of Salvation Oil. Price 25 cents.

Adjourned for the Term.

Judge Slover yesterday completed the business for this session and adjourned for the term.

Have been using Tongaline upon a patient who has been suffering with neuralgia for fifteen years; the effect was remarkable. It gave immediate relief.
R. T. Connally, M. D., Mountain Fork, Ark.

There is an error in the advertisement of T. A. Griffith. Hard coal, nut and stove, should read $9.50 per ton instead of $9.

Ask your friends to go with you to hear Governor St. John's lecture on temperance at Music hall next Tuesday evening.

A full line of Kansas City Stoves always on hand at E. T. Slaughter's, 415 East Twelfth street, between Oak and Locust.

Excursion to California.

A first-class excursion to San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., will leave Omaha, Jan., 13. Round trip tickets $100 each, good to return any time within six months. Send to D. E. Cornell, general agent, Union Pacific railway, corner Broadway and Ninth streets, Kansas City, for full particulars.

Come to the Provident association benefit next Tuesday evening at Music hall. Governor St. John will lecture. Professor Leroy Moore has arranged for fine music.

When you want money on chattels call on H. M. McIntosh, Shiedley building.

Another Blizzard Predicted.

Heavy red flannel wear 49c at Free Trade Clothing House, 541 Main street.

Scotch Haddies.

A large supply and fresh, 12½c per pound.
KANSAS CITY GROCERY AND
FRUIT HOUSE.

Seventy-Five Per Cent

Of all the supplies used by the miners of th Rogers Coal company are purchased in Ka sas City. Moral: Help those who help yo at 806 Delaware street.

George Eyssell, Druggist,

opposite Union depot, offers for shipment to Kansas his large assortment of pure whiskies, brandies and wines. Write for price list and conditions of shipment.

Twenty degrees below Zero

Loose no time in looking at those double breasted "Reefers" at $1.50, sold only at the Free Trade Store, 541, Main street.

Scotch Haddies.

A large supply and fresh, 12½c per pound
KANSAS CITY GROCERY AND
FRUIT HOUSE.

Coke! Coke!! Coke!!!

A fresh supply just received by the Rogers Coal company, 802, 804, 806 Delaware street.

Taught Free

To the first twenty-five ladies that leave their names, Thorpe's $25 system of Dress Cutting taught free. This extraordinary offer is only good for this week. 817 Main street. Class commences next Monday at 10 a. m.

Valuable Lives Saved.

By the heavy storm fine overcoats sold at Free Trade Clothing House, 541 Main street.

Pretty Lots.

On Woodland and Michigan avenues, only $400 each, with $100 cash.
E. H. PHELPS & CO.,
121 W. Sixth street,

Our Motto! Our Motto!!

Fair dealing. Honest weights. Low prices. ROGERS COAL CO., 806 Delaware street.

Grand Avenue Dancing Academy.

Northeast corner Fifteenth and Grand avenue, Professors Harris & Sporeleder. Instructions Mondays and Thursdays. Evening receptions every Friday. Ticket, admitting gent and lady, 50 cents.

Choice Pittsburg Nut Coal.

A very superior fuel, $3 per ton delivered. Mined and for sale by the Rogers Coal company, 806 Delaware street.

From Colonel C. H. Mackey, Thirty-second Iowa infantry: I have derived more benefit from Ely's Cream Balm than anything else I have ever tried. I have now been using it for three months and am experiencing no trouble from Catarrh whatever. I have been a sufferer for twenty years. C. H. MACKEY, Sigourney, Ia., Feb. 22, '82.

For three winters I have been afflicted with Catarrh and Cold in the head. I used Ely's Cream Balm; it accomplished all that was represented. T. F. MCCORMICK, (Judge common pleas), Elizabeth, N. J. Price 50 cents.

Man Froze to Death.

Almost if he had not had one of the Free Trade overcoats at $1.50. Get one at 541 Main street.

Ladies desiring a perfect fitting corset, durable and elegant should not fail to visit Mrs. E. J. Meyers, 1333 Grand avenue.

One Ton Equal 2,000 Pounds.

Whether the price be high or low, our ton always contains 2,000 pounds of coal.
ROGERS COAL CO., 806 Delaware street.

The best grocery house in the city is the Gillis Opera House grocery. A full line of groceries on hand.

Ear muffs given away at the Free Trade Clothing House, 541 Main street.

500 Albums.
350 Whisk Broom Holder,
1,000 Cabinet Picture Frames, all going at half price. Don't miss us.
PERNOT & DARLING, 1016 Main.

We Make War on None.

The business of the Rogers Coal Co. is to sell coal at low prices. Office, 806 Delaware street.

Bargains in Pictures

At City Art Rooms, 815 Main street.

$4.00 and $4.50 per week, good board with nice furnished rooms, stove and bath. 113 West Thirteenth street.

Competition the Life of Trade.

Call on the Rogers Coal Co., 806 Delaware street, and they will name you competition prices.

Landis-Moulton Transfer & Livery Company have the finest line of Carriages in the city, and can furnish them for parties, weddings, operas and funerals, on short notice at reasonable terms. Call telephone 326 or 183.

We Own Our Mines.

The Rogers Coal Co. can and will sell as low as the lowest. Office, 806 Delaware street.

Great bargains in picture frames at
PERNOT & DARLNG, 1016 Main.

Seals Caught.

All seal-skin and fur caps at cost at the Free Trade Clothing House, 541 Main street.

Order your groceries ofthe old and reliable Gillis Gpera House grocery.

The Gillis Opera House grocery always keep on hand a full stock of groceries, teas, coffees, baking powder, etc., at the lowest prices.

Choice Pittsburg Nut Coal.

A very superior fuel, $3 per ton delivered. Mined and for sale by
ROGERS COAL CO., 806 Delaware street.

Taught Free.

The first fifty ladies that call and leave their names (for this week only) at 817 Main street can learn free Thorp's great system of dress cutting. Class commences next Monday at 10 a. m.

I sell Springfield. Ill., Iowa Diamond and Higginsville Coals at $4 per ton, delivered. Hard wood $5 to $6 per cord. A. P. Crouch, 611 Broadway. Telephone 742.

Notice.

Parties intending to send money to friends in England, Ireland, Scotland, Erance, Germany, Norway or Sweden will find it to their advantage to purchase their drafts of the Traders' bank.
M. W. ST. CLAIR, Cashier.

Bargains in Pictures

At City Art Rooms, 815 Main street.

Speth's Model Laundry, 21 East Eleventh street. Telephone 920.

Decorate Your Homes.

There is no excuse for bare walls when you can buy Pictures neatly framed as low priced as now sold by us. Many were made permanently happy last week by receiving a beautiful present in this line. We are very anxious that others may be also pleased. For that reason we will until the 31st, continue our low prices. Call at once. City Art Rooms, 815 Main. W. W. FINDLAY.

Bargains in Pictures

At City Art Rooms, 815 Main street.

Our cellars are stocked with the best potatoes and apple.
GILLIS OPERA HOUSE GROCERY.

Landis-Moulton Transfer & Livery Co.

Passengers to and from depot fifty cents each; baggage free anywhere within limits—West Woodland avenue and North Twentieth street.

THE PONT NEUF.

History of the Famous Structure that Was Partially Destroyed.

London Telegraph.

A rise in the Seine has half-destroyed a famous historical structure in Paris—the Pont Neuf, which was new some 300 years ago, and has retained to this day the name given to it when the Henries reigned over France. The bridge was so well known to students of civic histories and the successive armies of tourists that the mishap which has befallen it will cause something like a pang of regret to be felt all over the world. It was not the eldest born of Parisian bridges; in very early times the islands in the Seine were connected with banks at different points; but the Pont Neuf takes a high place on the roll. Begun during the war of the league by Henry III., who fell under the knife of Clement; a provident assassin. who took the holy sacrament before he started to perform his unholy deed, the work was carried on and finished by Henry IV., who also died a victim to priestly [illegible] In the reign of his son, a monarch [illegible]alt with by historians, Richelieu, [illegible] France from dismemberment, and crushed out its provincial life, thus paving the way to the centralized despotism of Louis XIV., set up thereon the celebrated equestrian statue of Henry of Navarre. Yet the image of a king so renowned in song and story, and so dear to toe people and the people's poets, did not escape the ravages of the revolution. The old statue was thrown down when the Jacobins held sway and a minority of "unlimited patriots" domineered over France, and the actually existing effigy, which has recently been made to move and speak by the genius of Victor Hugo, was planted on the bridge in 1817, two years after the bourbon monarchy had been restored. The fanatical mob had enough wisdom to let alone the bridges which were built from time to time by the kings, or with their sanction; and thus the Pont Neuf as well as the other bridges, bequeathed by the monarchy, came down unimpaired, except by time and water, to modern generations. It is a long stretch of years from the minions of Henry IV., and the duellists who fought and slew each other with sword and dagger under his son, through the triumphant and dark days of Louis XIV., and the scandals of his successor, to the "muscadins," the "incroyables," and murderers of the revolutions, the glories of Napoleon, and the shiftin scenes which followed his defeat, down to the second empire and these present times of the republic. There are throughout Europe in different lands older bridges, some built by Roman architects unknown to fame, and even lingering traces of arched work dating from a still elder day. The Pont Neuf, however, has attained to a respectable length of years, has stood in the heart of a theatre wherein so many appalling dramas have been acted, entered so much into the lives of ordinary Parisians generation after generation, and was so completely identified with everyday occupations. as well as exceptional events, that it may well be regarded as one of those ancient monuments of Paris which strenuous efforts should, and doubtless will, be made to preserve.

It is only one portion which has yielded to the flood; yet that is the oldest. When Henry III., coming fresh from the grand funeral of his favorites, Quelus and Maugiron, in May, 1578, practically laid the foundations, only a few piles had been driven on the left bank next to the Quai des Augustins. The architect of the structure was M. Charles Marchand, who did much work in that line, and when some years later the wooden Pont des Meuniers was burned down, he contracted to restore it. His other work, the Pont Neuf, crossed both arms of the Seine which form the Isle du Palais, or De la Cite, at the western end of the island. Here a tongue of land was artificially added, pointing down stream, and it was on the space thus made "in the middle of the stately bridge," that the statue of Henry IV was placed. Quitting the land the bridge passed over to the northern or right bank, near the Grand Chalet. It had twelve arches, and was constructed of hewn freestone, probably from Montmartre. The cornice was bold, and famous for its carved supporting figures. Victor Hugo characteristically makes little Gavroche, the Paris gamin, complain that the gendarmes prevented "le monde"—to-wit, himself and congeners—from promenading on the cornice of the Pont Neuf. The roadway at first was sunken, and the broad foot paths ran along above it, but this arrangement was altered at a subsequent date. On each side in the original parapet, there were concave refuges, but as they were found inconvenient they were converted in 1775 into small shops. John Evelyn, passing through Paris in 1664, ten years after Richelieu had put a figure of Henry upon the bronze horse, speaks with admiration of the bridge, the "water-house" at one end, with its grotto and curiosities underneath, and the handsome "iron grate" inclosing the statue in its midst, where he saw "the mountebanks showing their feats to the idle passengers." He says, in his quiet admiring way that "the confluence of the people and the multitude of coaches passing every moment, was. to a new spectator, an agreeable diversion." He had come from civil war and took an ingenuous delight in the fine buildings, pictures, rareties, and especially woods and gardens. The "cheval de bronz" which the effigy of Henry bestrode was cast by John of Bologna for Ferdinand of Tuscany and sent by Cosmo del Medici to Marie, Henry's wife. Wrecked off the Normandy coast on its voyage from Leghorn, it remained a year under water, was then fished up, and used to adorn Point Neuf. The figure was not put on its back till 1865. During the revolution Henry IV was so great a favorite that the patriots stuck a tricolor cockade on his head, and otherwise bedizened him. The summer of 1792, however, saw the black flag, bearing the inscription, "Patrie en danger," flying on the Pont, and, after the 10th of August, "Bronze Henry himself," writes Carlyle, "though he wore a cockade once, jingles down from the Point Neuf," to be converted, as some aver, into cannon. When Bonaparte was called out to frustrate the sections, they came from that side. "Pepelletier," we read, "has seized the church of Saint Roch, has seized the Pont Neuf, our picquet here retreating without fire." Soon, however, came the famous "whiff of grape shot" which won the day, and brought Napoleon Bonaparte formally onto the scene. In every period of trouble the Pont Neuf played a part.

TOOMBS'S GRANDDAUGHTER.

How She Was Disinherited by the Fiery Rebel Georgian.

Some months before the death of General Toombs the Atlanta *Constitution* published this story: A *Constitution* reporter met an old friend of General Toombs yesterday and remarked: "I understand that a few days ago General Toombs disinherited his granddaughter, Miss Dubose, because she married against his will. Don't you think that he will reconsider that act!"

"I do not," was the emphatic reply. "General Toombs is very bitter on that point, and when I think of all the circumstances I am sure that he means all that he has done and that he remain immoveable."

"Tell me the circumstances."

"It is a long story," replied the narrator. "It would read like a romance if properly pictured, but I don't mind telling if you will be content with facts minus the coloring. It is a sad story to me, because I always felt an interest in the lordly Georgian and the different members of his family. I am sorry that General Toombs has done this act. He can afford to forgive his granddaughter and bestow all his hate on the Yankees if he chooses to do so. He can afford to hate the Yankees, for it is a matter of little concern what one man does so long as the balance of the south has accepted the situation, and has almost forgotten that there ever was a war. But it is not for me to say that General Toombs has done wrong in disinheriting his grandchild because she married the man of her own choosing. Miss Dubose and Mr. Colley were engaged and the general objected. Mr. Colley is a worthy young man, against whose moral character no charge can be brought. He was clerk in one of the stores in Washington and was not wealthy, but to that fact General Toombs did not object. The general, you know, cares for a long line of ancestors and blood and that sort of thing, which is all right, I suppose. At any rate, he did not like the Colley family, and he urged his grandchild to give up the idea of marrying Mr. Colley. She pleaded and he remonstrated. He threatened and she became determined. Finally he told her that in his will he had bequeathed her $60,000, and spoke of that to show the interest he felt in her. She would not promise to give up Mr. Colley, and General Toombs got out the will and showed her the paragraph where the fortune was left to her. She was not to be moved. He offered to make it $90,000. She said she would promise not to marry Colley during Toombs's lifetime. The general, in his usual way, said he would pay nobody to postpone an act until his death. He threatened to disinherit her, but she never moved from her position. Then General Toombs told her that unless she promised not to marry Colley he would have his will changed and would not leave her a cent. She replied that if she must choose between the two she would be disinherited. The general then told her that he would give her forty-eight hours to leave the house. Miss Dubose proceeded to show her grandfather that if she was driven out she would have to be married at once. The general tore around, and Miss Dubose communicated with her friends, and the result was that the marriage took place that day. General Toombs took his will out, had it changed, disinheriting Miss Dubose, and added a paragraph providing that none of his property should go to her directly or indirectly."

"Has she never been back to her grandfather?"

"No. A few days ago Mrs. Toombs was very sick and her recovery was not expected. Mrs. Colley wrote the general a note and asking permission to call and see her grandmother. General Toombs read the note and handed it back to the messenger with the simple statement that he had no communication tion to make. That ls the ?tory as it comes to me,"

G. Y. Smith
& Co.
Main and Eleventh Sts.

DO YOU WANT

A CLOAK

For Your Little Girl ?

IF YOU DO,

LOOK HERE.

MISSES' NEWMARKETS,

10 years, that were $10.00, are now $5.00
12 years, that were $12.00, are now $6.00
14 years, that were $12.50, are now $7.00
16 years, that were $14.00, are now $8.00

Every Misses' Cloak we have left has been served in the same way.

☞Bring the Girls with you To-Morrow and get a nice Cloak at about half its former price. There is nothing wrong about the Cloaks, remember, except that they are on these tables instead of on the children's backs, keeping out this stinging cold weather.

☞These reductions are strictly as stated above. We are determined not to have a Misses' Cloak left.

G. Y. Smith & Co.

Neuralgia

CAN BE CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF OPIUM OR MORPHINE!

The *Medical Brief*, published at St. Louis, says in the June, 1884, issue: "Many have become victims to the use of opium or morphine, from the use of those drugs for the relief of Neuralgia. It is gratifying to observe that such dangerous consequences may be averted by the use of TONGALINE, which is almost a specific in the acute form of Neuralgia."

Tongaline IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY **PHYSICIANS**

"Used Tongaline in a case of Neuralgia of 12 or 15 years standing, which had resisted all treatment. This was six months since and the patient has enjoyed perfect freedom from her complaint."
E. L. ROWE, M. D., Gentryville, Mo.

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia. To use my patient's own expression, "It's the medicine for that disease." J. P. RINKEL, Brighton, Ill.

"I consider Tongaline the best preparation for Neuralgia I have ever tried."
C. V. DUVAL, M. D., Pineville, Mo.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

FOR ONLY A PENNY.

Close Marketing for a Small Family in New York City.

New York Mail and Express.

An Italian who keeps a penny grocery in South Fifth avenue, near Bleecker street gives the following list as an illustration of what can be done in a penny grocery with a silver quarter:

Three ounces of coffee	1 cent.
One ounces of tea	1 cent.
Three ounces of rice	1 cent.
Small loaf of stale bread	1 cent.
Six sticks of kindling-wood	1 cent.
Three onions	1 cent.
Four potatoes (old)	1 cent.
Three ounces of barley	1 cent.
Three ounces of brown sugar	1 cent.
Four ounces of starch	1 cent.
Thin slice bar soap	1 cent.
Enough raisins for rice pudding	1 cent.
Small tea-cup of black molasses	1 cent.
Lampful of oil	1 cent.
Quarter of a yard of lamp wick	1 cent.
Quarter pound oleomargarine	4 cts.
Scuttle of coal (mixed)	4 cts.
Three ounces of lard	1 cent,
Two pickles	1 cent.
Total	25 cts.

A small family can live for a day on these purchases. The coffee will be sufficient for a big potful and the tea is enough for two drawings. The rice and raisins make a small pudding. The stale bread will serve for a meal and there is enough sugar to sweeten the tea and coffee. The onions, potatoes, and barley, with the addition of a beef-bone or piece of meat and a penny bunch of potherbs, will make a stew or soup. There is enough soap to wash the dishes and scrub the children's faces, enough oil and wick to last all night, a scuttle of coal and wood to kindle the fire in the morning. Then there are lard, molasses, and the next thing to butter, oleomargarine, and the two good-sized pickles for a relish. The penny grocers buy small stale loaves for a half cent each and retail them at a cent. Medium-sized stale loaves cost them one and a half cents and sell at two cents, and large stale loaves they retail at three cents. The coal they sell is coal-yard sweepings screened and contains a good deal of slate.

Quakers.

A good deal has been said of late years as to the changes in the manners and customs of Quakers, who. it is urged, have put aside drab and lavender for more decided colors, and indulge in many ways after a fashion George Fox would have reprobated. But it appears from Mrs. Fry's life that in her day some Quakers, at all events, were as frivolous as persons of any other sect. She and her sisters, the Misses Gurney, seem, indeed, to have had a thorough "good time," in the American girl's sense of that expression. She went to London in the season and saw everything. Her hair was dressed in the height of fashion, and she "painted a little." When an American Quaker of the old school, traveling in England upon a religious mission, cast his eyes around the company, he was horrified and scandalized, especially at the appearance of Miss Elizabeth Gurney, who wore "purple boots, laced with scarlet."

ALL THE WORLD AKIN.

An Englishman's Ancestors in the Reign of William the Conqueror.

The number of a man's ancestors doubles in every generation as his descent is traced upward. In the first generation he reckons only two ancestors—his father and mother. In the second generation the two are converted into four, since he has two grandfathers and two grandmothers. But each of these four had two parents, and thus in the third generation there are found to be eight ancestors—that is, eight great grandparents. In the fourth generation the number of ancestors is sixteen; in the fifth, thirty-two; in the sixth, sixty-four; in the seventh, 128. In the tenth it has risen to 1,026; in the twentieth it becomes, 1,048,576; in the thirtieth no fewer than 1,073,741,834. To ascend no higher than the twenty-fourth generation we reach the sum of 16,777,216, which is a great deal more than all the inhabitants of Great Britain when that generation was in existence. For if we reckon a generation at thirty-three years, twenty-four such will carry us back 792 years, or to A. D. 1093, when William the Conqueror had been sleeping in his grave at Caen only six years, and his son, William II., surnamed Rufus, was reigning over the land. At that time the total number of inhabitants of England could have been little more than 2,000,000, the amount at which it is estimated during the reign of the Conqueror. It was only one-eighth of a nineteenth century man's ancestors if the normal ratio of progression, as just shown by a simple process of arithmetic, had received no check, and if it had not been bounded by the limits of the population of the country. Since the result of the law of progression, had there been room for its expansion, would have been eight times the actual population, by so much the more is it certain that the lines of every Englishman's ancestry run up to every man and every woman in the reign of William I. from the king and queen downward, who left descendants in the island, and whose progeny has not died out there.

A Big Lobster.

A monster lobster was captured the other day by a fisherman near the Isles of Shoals, on a trawl. It measured from the tip of the tail to the end of the claws thirty-five inches, with the claws fourteen inches in circumference, and weighed nineteen pounds.

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.

CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.,
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

1 2 SEATED ROAD CART WANTED CHEAP for cash. Address X 86, this office. 98

1 MARBLE TOP MODERN CHAMBER SET, 3 pieces, wanted; must be good; will pay cash. Enquire room 3, new Times building. *

WANTED—WE HAVE A CASH CUSTOMER for stock of groceries. Call on W. F. FORSYTH & CO., room 32, Sheidley building, *

WANTED, TO BUY SECOND HAND FURNITURE, stoves, bedding, clothing and books. SMITH'S, 1231 Grand ave. 106

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

50 PARLOR STOVES, ALL SIZES, FOR SALE at Metropolitan hotel. F. W. POOR, Proprietor. 102

509 INDEPENDENLE AVE.—1 FURNISHED room for housekeeping; $10 a month. 123

1332 MAIN ST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED front room to rent, $16; also one for light housekeeping, $10. 98

GIRL WANTED, WHO CAN WASH AND IRON, in a small family. Cal at 1315 Forest ave. 99

SECOND ARRIVAL
—OF—

UNCLAIMED OVERCOATS!

Made to order for the Holiday trade, but were not called for. On all those goods one-half has been paid for originally, and the

LUCKY MAN

Whom the garment fits can have it for the remaining half. Please note the price and then call for the Coat. It is no trouble to show these goods. You will find them on our racks labled with the price marked in plain figures.

25	Overcoats, Gray Satinet, lined with Gray Flannel, at	$1.50
25	Blue and Brown Chinchilla, weight 7 pounds, with Velvet Collars	4.00
25	Light Colored Striped Overcoats, very heavy, without lining	5.00
25	Drab and Gray, extra size Overcoats, large Collar, long and short	6.00
25	Russian Fur, extra long, with Plush Collars, very long	7.00
25	Scotch Ulsters, Gray Plaid, guaranteed All Wool	8.00
10	English Worsted, Black and Brown Silk Sleeve lining, fully worth $18	9.00
10	French Cassimere Dress Coats, strictly All Wool Sack Coats	10.00
10	India Beaver, silk linlng, Blue and Brown, extra long, Prince Albert style, worth $25	12.00
	Blue Chinchilla, Satin lining, advertised by small dealers at $40 (only 4 left—35, 36, 38, 40), will be sold at	15.00

This sale will last ten days only, commencing to-morrow at 10 o'clock a. m. All orders by mail must be accompanied with money, otherwise no attention will be paid. These goods were made to order and sent to us on commission. Now is your time to buy your Overcost for next winter and save 50 eents on the dollar. Remember this is no "prize box" affair, or "mark down sale." No coal yard thrown in, but strictly 50 cents on the dollar buys these goods. We expect a gre at rush, and first come first served. We invite the must skeptical to come and see these Overcoats, for there is no telling how soon they will go. Respectfully,

V. KLEIN & CO.,
Free Trade Clothing House!
541 MAIN ST.

CHEAP ADVERTISEMENTS.

Letters for the following addresses are at present in the postoffice of THE STAR.
X 17, X 27, X 41, X 44, X 46, X 47, X 52, X 58, X 65, X 68, X 69, X 73, X 74, X 78, X 82, X 83, X 84, X 88.

BOARDING.

BOARDERS WANTED AT 1425 MAIN ST. Terms $4 per week; board first class ;day board $3 per week. 100

BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE, 34 ROOMS, OR will exchange for house and lot. WOODINGTON, 919 Main st. 101

WANTED, TO BOARD CHILD; HEALTHY LOcation and good care. Address Mrs. ST. PYEATTEE, Wyandotte, Kas. 102

BOARDERS WANTED—NICE ROOMS AND good board for $4.50 per week, at 615 May st. 100

WANTED IN PRIVATE FAMILY, TWO GENtlemen boarders or man and wife, front room, first floor, bay window, nicely furnished, terms to suit to right parties; 1422 Lydia ave. 100

918 BALTIMORE AVE.—DAY BOARD AND rooms. You will find 1 first class unfurnished room with board; also day boarders wanted. 99

BOARDERS AND ROOMERS WANTED AT 113 W. Thirteenth st. *

TO RENT—RESIDENCES.

NICE, 6 ROOM FRAME TO RENT, CENTRALly located. ROSE & BARTLETT, Rental and Collecting agency, corner Seventh and Delaware sts. *

West Side.

1326 CENTRAL ST.—8 ROOM HOUSE TO rent, $35. Enquire at 1221 Wyandotte st. 98

1408 PENN ST.—2 STORY FRAME HOUSE to rent at $18 per month. Enquire of B. WELLS, room 5, Long building, corner of Main st. and Missouri ave. *

East Side.

1806 McGEE ST. TO RENT AT $18 PER month. Apply to B. WELLS, corner Main st. and Missouri ave. *

2 ELEGANT 10 ROOM BRICK HOUSES TO rent at $50 per month, corner Fourth and Oak sts. Apply 414 Locust st. 100

626 CAMPBELL ST.—NEW 5 ROOM BRICK to rent for $15. 98

MUSICAL.

ORVIS E. SMITH, HAVING RETURNED from a two years' course at the College of Music of Cincinnati, and a two years' course in Boston, is now prepared to receive pupils in piano, Italian method of singing, and harmony. He has studied under Cecelia Gaul, Carl Baetens, H. P. Chelius, Stephen A. Emery, Dr. Louis Maas, Wm. H. Sherwood, J. K. Paine and Geo. L. Osgood, all of whom have a prominent rank among America's musicians. For capabilities refer to Boston's greatest vocal teacher, Geo. L. Osgood, 149 A Tremont st., Boston. Terms, $15 for 20 half hour lessont; $20 for 20 hour lessons. Residence, 1221 Woodland ave. 101

THOROUGH LADY TEACHER OF VOCAD AND instrumental music desires a few scholars on the piano forte; piano furnished. Apply 1017 Harrison st. *

LOST.

LOST—TUESDAY EVENING, DEC. 29, A SKYE terrier pup, 9 months old, large black eyes, ears and tail. A liberal reward will be paid for return to WILLIAMS'S Grocery, 805 Independence ave. 97

LOST, NEAR FOURTH AND WALNUT, LAST evening, sealskin glove. Finder please leave at Mackay's Club House, Sixth and Wyandotte sts., and receive reward. 97

BROWN AND WHITE WATER SPANIEL LOST, 6 months old, has collar with my name and bell attached. Leave with BOB LAYFIELD, 1008 Winter ave., or Union depot cigar stand and receive reward. 98

PERSONAL.

CHIROPODISTS, DRS. CABLER, CORNS, BUNions, in growing nails, frosted and perspiring feet immediately relieved; operations painless. 619 Main st., room 5. 98

General Produce.

Prices below are for round lots from first hands unless otherwise noted. On orders higher prices are charged.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, $4.50@5.00; fancy, $5.25. Oranges, Louisiana, per box, $3.75; per bbl., $6.50; Florida, per box, $5.00; California, per box, $3.50. Malaga grapes per bbl., $7.00. Cocoanuts, per 100, $4.50.

HIDES AND PELTS—Hides, dry flint. No. 1, ₩ lb. 16c; No. 2, ₩ lb., 12c; dry salted, ₩ lb, 11c; green salted, No. 1, ₩ lb, 9c; green salted, No. 2, ₩ lb, 7c; green. No. ₩1, lb, 8c; green, No 2 ₩ lb, 6½c; calf, ₩ lb, 10c; sheep pelts, dry, 10c ₩ lb.

EGGS.—Plenty, but, owing to cold weather, market steady at 17c per dozen fresh recandled. A large portion of the receipts consists of held stock.

GAME.—Prairie chickens, $3.25@3.50 per doz.; quail, $1 25 per doz. Ducks. mallard, $1.75; teal, $1.25. Snipe, 25@50c. Wild turkeys, per lb. 5@6c; Squirrels, 50c per doz. Rabbits, 50@60c pet doz. Venison, saddles, 13c per lb.; carcass, 6c per lb.

DRESSED POULTRY.—Supply larger and market steady. Chickens. fresh, 5@7c; turkeys, fresh, 8@9c per lb.: ducks, choice, 8@10c per lb.; geese, 6@8c per lb.

BUTTER.—Creamery scarce and wanted; roll in better demand from packers. We quote: Creamery, fancy 30c; good, 25c; fine dairy in single package lots 20c: store packed, in single package lots, 10@12c; common, 4@5c; roll, 8@12c, according to quality.

LIVE POULTRY.—Receipts light and fat stock wanted. Chickens, $2.25; ducks, $2.50 per doz.; turkeys, 6@7c per lb.

WHITE BEANS.—Country quotable at $1.25 for prime, and at 50@65c for inferior to fair. Eastern hand picked, $1.80 for navy and $1.50 for medium.

TALLOW.—No. 1, 4½c; No. 2, 4c.

BEESWAX.—We quote No. 1 at 18@22c per lb.

FEATHERS.—Live gerse, 47c; mixed, 20@30c.

GREASE—White, 4c ₩ lb.; brown, 3½c ₩ lb.; yellow, 4c.

CHEESE.—We quote: Full cream, 12c; flats, partly skimmed, 9c; Young America, 12c.

VEGETABLES—Irish potatoes, choice and of one variety, in car load lots, 65@68c; onions, per bbl., $2 50; per bu., 75@80c. Sweet potatoes, red, per bu., 50c; yellow, $1 00@1 25 Cabbage, home grown, 1¼c per lb. Celery, 30@50c per bunch.

FRUITS—Apples, market dull at $2 00 per bbl. for best; common to medium, $1 25@1 75. Cranberries, Bell and Cherry, $6 50; Bell and Bugle, $8 00.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, bright sun dried, 1@2c; fancy, 2½c peaches do, 2½@3c; half, bright, large 3@4c blackberries, 8½@10c.

EVAPORATED FRUITS—Applies, 5@6c per lb.; choice, 7@8c; peaches, 11@15c; peeled, 20@26c. Raspberries, 20@23c; apricots, 23@25c.

BROOM CORN.—We quote; Hurl, 7c; Self working, 5½@6c; common, red tipped, 4¼c; crooked, 3@3½c.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Honey, extracted, ₩ lb. 6@8c; comb, patent boxes, 2 lb., 15@16c; 1 lb., 17@18c; comb, broken, in large packages, 10@12c; brooms, country made, per doz., $1.50@1.75; heavy, No. 1, $2.00; sorghum, bright, sweet and clear, per gallon, 20c; pop corn, ¾c per lb. Saur Kraut, per bbl. $6.00; per half bbl. $4.00.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THE HEAD OF FOR SALE, TO RENT, WANTS, ETC., WILL BE CHARGED AT THE FOLLOWING RATE:
1 CENT PER WORD FOR FIRST INSERTION.
½ CENT PER WORD FOR SUBSEQUENT INSERTIONS.
ADVERTISEMENTS CONTAINING A LESS NUMBER OF WORDS THAN 15 TO BE COUNTED AT RATE OF A 15 WORD ADVERTISEMENT.

West Side.

1632 JEFFERSON ST.—UNFURNISHED rooms to rent for light housekeeping to respectable parties. 100

609 MAY ST.—1 FURNISHED FRONT ROOM to rent. 97

1119 BROADWAY—ELEGANT UNFURnished rooms to rent. 100

1108 BALTIMORE AVE.—2 NICELY FURnished front rooms to rent; one for light housekeeping; terms reasonable. 100

410 W. FIFTEENTH ST.—FURNISHED rooms to rent to gentlemen. 100

1030 BALTIMORE AVE.—2 UNFURNISHED rooms to rent for housekeeping, $5 per month. *

1250 BROADWAY—3 WELL FURNISHED front rooms, with closet, for light housekeeping at $20; also 3 unfurnished front rooms at $18. 101

SUITE OF ELEGANT, FURNISHED ROOMS TO rent for light housekeeping; also furnished front parlors for sleeping. Call at northeast corner of Eighth and Broadway. 97

523 WYANDOTTE ST.—2 OR 3 FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 99

1306 BALTIMORE AVE.—FURNISHED front room to rent, second floor, suitable for light housekeeping; rent $8. 98

923 WYANDOTTE ST.—2 BASEMENT ROOMS for light housekeeping. 97

923 WYANDOTTE ST.—1 FINE ALCOVE AND two small rooms, nicely furnished. 97

1240 BROADWAY—NEW, UNFURNISHED basement rooms to rent; also very handsome suites of rooms, with board. 97

East Side.

525 E. FIFTH ST.—NEWLY FURNISHED rooms to rent with or without board. L. G. DRURY. 97

710 LOCUST ST.—NICE FURNISHED ROOMS to rent cheap. 97

520 E. FIFTH ST.—NICELY FURNISHED front room, first floor, suitable for gentleman and wife, to rent with board. 99

1209 CHERRY ST.—2 LARGE FRONT, UNfurnished rooms to rent, with modern improvements, in a private family, with or without board; cheap to responsible parties. 99

928 McGEE ST.—UNFURNISHED FRONT suite and pleasant furnished rooms to rent, with board. 97

915 VINE ST.—2 SMALL ROOMS TO RENT, furnished for light housekeeping, $10 a month. 99

918 CAMPBELL ST.—2 ROOMS TO RENT, partly furnished for light housekeeping. 98

212 E. TENTH ST.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO rent, single or en suite. 99

908 GRAND AVE.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms to rent, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. 99

608 E. THIRTEENTH ST.—SMALL, FURnished room to rent, with or without board, reasonable. 99

1001 GRAND AVE.—NICELY FURNISHED room to rent, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 97

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, 3 blocks from Main st., E. Ninth, No. 324 Stuart block, up stairs. 102

FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR TO RENT, WITH fuel and privilege of bath. 423 Lawton place; also large front room, second floor, furnished or unfurnished, inside blinds and privilege of bath. 97

310 E. TENTH ST.—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms to rent to gentlemen only. 100

ROOMS ON FIRST OR SECOND FLOOR, EAST of cable, to rent cheap. PERKINS BROS., 127 W. Sixth st. 97

1225 WALNUT ST.—FURNISHED ROOMS to rent for light housekeeping. 100

306 E. THIRTEENTH ST.—1 FURNISHED and 2 unfurnished rooms to rent. 97

511 OAK ST.—A LARGE FRONT ROOM TO rent, with stove; also a room furnished complete for light housekeeping. 97

603 E. SIXTH ST.—2 UNFURNISHED ROOMS to rent for housekeeping. 98

To Rent--Miscellaneous.

FIRST CLASS BUTCHER SHOP TO RENT, with fixtures, adjacent to Dundee place. Enquire Twelfth and Troost ave. 98

ELEGANT FLATS OVER THE FREE TRADE clothing house to rent; suitable for store room, offices, factory, or studio. Apply at 541 Main st. 99

BUSINESS CHANCES.

HALF OR WHOLE INTEREST IN BEST LOcated restaurant in city for sale; near Main st., now doing good business. Address X 70, this office. 98

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE, with all the furniture complete and in good condition; 10 rooms, from 15 to 18 boarders, centrally located. Address X 71, this office. 98

THE BEST LOCATED BOARDING HOUSE IN the city for sale, consisting of 24 rooms, well furnished, house full of boarders; rent, $100 per month; price, $1,000; will give time on part. Apply B. MILLER, furniture store, Eighth and Main sts. *

$1500 CASH WILL BUY A WELL ESTABlished grocery store; will bear investigation. Inquire at 831 E. Twelfth st., city. 100

THE WASHINGTON HOUSE, 405 W. SIXTH ST., for sale cheap; good reason for selling. MARY ROETTGER. 98

LIVE PAYING BUSINESS FOR SALE, WITH lots of paying orders ahead, a big chance for somebody, at 1015 Indepeudence ave. 99

GOOD STAND, STOCK AND FIXTURES FOR sale cheap for cash, or will take part down and balance on time. N. W. corner Tenth and Walnut sts. 98

BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE, WITH 11 rooms, hot and cold bath, 14 good boarders; for sale cheap for cash; good location; parties desiring to leave city at once. Address X 88, this office. 97

THE BEST LUNCH BUSINESS IN TOWN FOR sale; who wants it? Come quick. Proprietor has other business. Call at 23 W. Seventh st. 98

PARTNER WANTED TO TAKE HALF INTERest in a manufacturing business, established 5 years; capital required, about $5,000; this is a safe investment to the man having the money and energy to back it up; a traveling man having acquaintance in the west preferred. Address X 89, this office. 101

SOME GOOD STOCKS ON MERCHANDISE, ranging from $1,000 to $10,000; we also have some $400,000 in real estate for exchange or sale; if you have anything to trade give us a call; exchanges made without delay. ROGERS & CO., Real Estate and Merchantile Brokers, Wyandotte, Kas. †

THIS WEATHER

Makes Overcoats a necessity, and we have the assortment to meet the demand and are making LOW PRICES the indncement to have you trade with us. A genuine saving of 25 to 40 Per Cent on every dollar you spend with us.

HEAVY WEIGHT OVERCOATS,
HEAVY WEIGHT SUITS,
HEAVY WEIGHT PANTALOONS,
FUR CAPS, HEAVY UNDERWEAR,
EAR MUFFS,

all at decided reductions in price. The best qualities selling at the price of the cheaper grades.

A. N. SADLER,
7th and Main. 7th and Main.

BOSTON One Price CLOTHING HOUSE

HELP WANTED.

Male.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THE HEAD OF FOR SALE, TO RENT, WANTS, ETC., WILL BE CHARGED AT THE FOLLOWING RATE:
1 CENT PER WORD FOR FIRST INSERTION.
½ CENT PER WORD FOR SUBSEQUENT INSERTIONS.
ADVERTISEMENTS CONTAINING A LESS NUMBER OF WORDS THAN 15 TO BE COUNTED AT RATE OF A 15 WORD ADVERTISEMENT.

GOOD SITUATION FOR A GERMAN GARdener; must come well recommended; can also have chance to buy an interest on very reasonable terms. Call at 215 E. Twelfth st. H. E. BARKER. *

5 GOOD SOLICITORS WANTED, BIG PAY, room 26, Mason's building, 1011 Main st. *

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL RUBBER stamps, big profits. Apply to EDWARD ALLEN, 540 Main st., second floor. 98

FIRST CLASS AGENTS WANTED TO HANDLE atlases, maps, cuarts, etc.; splendid chance to make money. Apply EDWIN WILLIAMSON, 108 W. Seventh st. 108

BOY WANTED TO WORK MORNING AND evening for his board; home for the winter; 1901 McGee st. 97

LAW STUDENT WANTED. DESK ROOM AND use of library in exchange for work. Address X 77, in own handwriting, this office. 99

BOY WANTED, EXPERIENCED IN NAILING cigar boxes by machine, Fourth and Holmes. 99

FIRST CLASS ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted. Advocate Publishing company, 1011 Main st. *

TURNER WANTED AT PLANING MILL, 224 E. Second st. A. WOODWARD. 97

MAN WANTED TO TAKE ORDERS IN WOOD and coal yard. Apply James st., between Seventh and Eighth. 98

50 GOOD TEAMS WANTED, WAGES $3.25 per day, to work at Grand Island, Neb.; stables furnished in town; free transportation; ship Saturday night. Apply T. F. RYAN, contractor, Twenty-second and Penn. 98

$1500 A YEAR—GOOD, LIVE AGENT, lady or gentleman, wanted in every town in the United States to sell the best pillow sham holder in America. Send stamp for terms. CLARK & GRAHAM, Detroit, Mich. Sample holder, $1. *

Female.

GIRLS—FOR FIRST CLASS PLACES; 617 Cherry st., between Independence ave. and Sixth st. *

GOOD GIRL WANTED. APPLY MRS. GUInotte, corner Third and Troost ave. 97

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK at 1743 Jefferson st. *

2 GOOD GIRLS WANTED FOR DINING ROOM and chamberwork, at 106 E. Third st., room 1, upstairs, Mrs. H. D. CLARK. 97

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Enquire at 811 E. Fifteenth st. 97

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply to 721 W. Eleventh st. 97

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork near Armourdale. Apply 906 Penn st. 97

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK, none but good cook with recommendation need apply. 715 W. Tenth st. 100

GIRL WANTED AT 1106 TRACY AVE., WITH reliable references, Swede or German preferred. 98

2 TAILORESSES WANTED TO SEW ON CUStom pants, at 702 Independence ave., upstairs. 97

GOOD WHITE GIRL WANTED, MUST BE good cook, in private family, at 914 Oak st. 97

5 SALESWOMEN WANTED TO CANVASS THE city. Address Wheat, corner Brooklyn and Independence aves. 97

GOOD GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in small family, at 1317 Washington st. 100

GIRL OR WOMAN WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 1408 Oak st. 98

3 MIDDLE AGED WOMEN WANTED FOR general work at Horton's Oyster and Chop house, 507 Walnut st. 101

CHAMBERMAID WANTED AT CENTROPOLIS hotel. J. C. DUNN. 97

2 DINING ROOM GIRLS WANTED IMMEDIately at Grand Central hotel, 614 Main st. 97

DISCREET, INTELLIGENT, GOOD LOOKING young lady wanted, who is a rapid writer and desires a good home. Address X 95, this office. 97

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST CLASS shirt ironer at Hunt's Steam Laundry, 204 E. Ninth st. 97

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply Gallery, 715 Main st. 98

GOOD GIRL WANTED TO DO GENERAL housework, at 1512 Oak st. 98

LADY WANTED, POSSESSED OF A FAIR knowledge of stenography and caligraph writing; can have a place at moderate wages for the winter months by addressing X 83, this office. 99

FIRST CLASS SHIRT IRONER WANTED AT Oriental Laundry, 1443 Madison ave. 100

RESPECTABLE GIRL OR MIDDLE AGED lady wanted as housekeeper; permanent home. Address X 84, this office. 97

AN EXPERIENCED PRIMARY TEACHER wanted immediately for mission school, one somewhat versed in the principles of kindergarten teaching preferred. Address X 78, this office, stating experience and where an interview may be had. 99

LADY AGENTS WANTED—ACTUALLY CLEAR $10 a day with my wonderful brand new rubber undergarment for females; ladies go wild over it. Madam A. G. LITTLE, box 443, Chicago, Ill. 110

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Male.

SITUATION AS NIGHT WATCHMAN OR TEAMster wanted; best references from prominent citizens given. Address X 90, this office. 101

COMPETENT ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKkeeper wants a situation; has had ten yeare' experience in this city; best references in the city given. L. G. DRURY, 525 E. Fifth st., or this office. 98

Female.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG LADY AS stenographer; who can operate either type writer or caligraph; is also accustomed to general office work. Address K, 1503 Wyandotte st. 97

SITUATION WANTED BY LADY WHO UNDERstands all kinds of office work and is willing to work hard; has good reasons for wishing to leave present position and can give the best of references; salary desired, $75. Address X 96, this office. 100

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG WOMAN TO do plain sewing and assist in light housework. Address X 91, this office, immediately. 97

SEWING IN FAMILIES WANTED IMMEDIately by a competent dressmaker who thoroughly understands cutting and fitting. Call 1607 Oak st. 105

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MRS. MARY E. WEEKS, TRANCE TEST MEDIum, 923 Wyandotte st., private entrance side door. 98

MADAM SCHADDE, CLAIRVOYANT AND palmist; her charms are wonderful, call and be convinced. Fee 25 cents and upward; 1108 Baltimore ave. 119

MADAM ROSSEAU—SHE REVEALS THE past, present and future; she brings separated lovers together; please give her a call, 16½ E. Twelfth st. 100

MRS. HISE IS THE MOST WONDERFUL FORtune teller of the age and gives the truest counsel on all business and love affairs, under spirit control; directed the Wyandotte man just where to find his $700 of stolen and hidden money. Recommend all to counsel with her, at 148 James st., Kansas City, Kas. 97

MRS. JAMES, CLAIRVOYANT AND TRANCE medium, can be consulted at 527 McGee st. *

TO EXCHANGE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THE HEAD OF FOR SALE, TO RENT, WANTS, ETC., WILL BE CHARGED AT THE FOLLOWING RATE:
1 CENT PER WORD FOR FIRST INSERTION.
½ CENT PER WORK FOR SUBSEQUENT INSERTIONS.
ADVERTISEMENTS CONTAINING A LESS NUMBER OF WORDS THAN 15 TO BE COUNTED AT RATE OF A 15 WORD ADVERTISEMENT.

HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS WANTED IN trade for vacant lots near Independence ave., or Grand boulevard. Enquire of D. W. KENT, 121 W. Sixth st., room 4. 97

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR A SMALL farm, Kansas City property, lot, storeroom and dwelling; store is occupied with notions and dry goods; well located. Address X 68, this office. 97

GILLIS OPERA HOUSE.

ONE WEEK, Commencing Monday, Jan. 4
Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, the new musical farcical satire by Chas. H. Hoyt, author of "A Rag Baby, "A Bunch of Keys," "A Parlor Match," etc., entitled

'A TIN SOLDIER, !"

Under the management of EUGENE TOMPKINS. The entire production under the personal supervision of

CHAS. H. HOYT.

Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. Reserve your seats by using box-office telephone No. 425. Tickets on sale at our eight regular stations.

KANSAS CITY MUSEUM.

Commencing Jan. 4, the World Renowned Emotional Drama, entitled

"A CELEBRATED CASE!"

Powerful Cast, Brilliant Costumes, Magnificent Scenic effect. For one week only.
ISAAC SPRAGUE, the Living Skeleton.
MADAM NAOMI, a Mountain of Flesh.
ED. DANIELS, the Leopard Boy.
SIRA LUDOVINGSUNG, Crayon Artist.
GEORGE ROBINSON, Canadian Giant.
KAROLY ORDEY, Hungarian Juggler.
H. J. YORKIE, Musical Dialectician.
ANIMATED HAND, Mysterious Marvel.
ZOOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.
Wild Animals, Huge Serpents, Playful donkeys, Brilliant Hued Tropical Birds.
Arrival of the Celebrated Couple,
PUNCH AND JUDY.
Doors open at 1 and 7. Curtain rises, 2:30 and 8.
Admission, 10 cents. Admission, 10 cents.

MUSIC HALL.

This Evening the Charming Opera,

"Chimes of Normandy!"

Will be given by a company of 30 people. Under the direction and management of G. V. Demorest. Full Chorus and Orchestra. Admission, 25 and 50 cents. No extra charge for reserved seats, on sale Monday morning at Music Hall box office.

FOR SALE.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THE HEAD OF FOR SALE, TO RENT, WANTS, ETC., WILL BE CHARGED AT THE FOLLOWING RATE:
1 CENT PER WORD FOR FIRST INSERTION.
½ CENT PER WORD FOR SUBSEQUENT INSERTIONS.
ADVERTISEMENTS CONTAINING A LESS NUMBER OF WORDS THAN 15 TO BE COUNTED AT RATE OF A 15 WORD ADVERTISEMENT.

Household Goods.

THE FURNITURE OF A 10 ROOM BOARDING house, nicely furnished throughout, for sale cheap $450; will take it this week; $150 down, balance in one year. 100

FURNITURE FOR 3 ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping; also piano. Call between 9 and 10 a. m., 500 E. Twelfth st., upstairs, for sale. 98

WALNUT, MARBLE TOP, BEDROOM SUITE for sale, with large, heavy French plate; cost, new, $175. Will sell for cash, $57.50. Call at 26 E. Missouri ave. 98

FURNITURE AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR sale at 1814 Tracy ave. 96

THE FURNITURE OF A 4 ROOM HOUSE FOR sale, with 4 good paying boarders, at 617 E. Fifth st. 100

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST SECOND HAND book store in the west. Books and libraries bought, sold and exchanged. S. REGAN, 21 E. Fifth st., city. *

Books.

BOOKS, OLD AND NEW, BOUGHT, SOLD AND exchanged; almost every kind of old school books you can call for in stock; law and medical books a specialty; we are slaughtering new books, Bibles, Albums, etc., at CRAMER'S, 1321 Grand ave. 122

BOOKS—7 SEASIDES, ALL KINDS, EXchanged at Library hall, near Twelfth st., for 25 cents; splendid stock to purchase from; 10,000 at half price. 121

For Sale--Miscellaneous.

200 CORDS OF WELL SEASONED W[illegible] for sale. Apply on the ground, ten miles south of city, near Watts's mill, to B. & J. LIPSCOMB, or to J. H. LIPSCOMP, room 12, Wales building. *

FOR SALE—2 30-HORSE ENGINES, 1 WESTinghouse and 1 double upright and 2 30-horse boilers, all in good condition and now running. Enquire at planing mills, Fourteenth and Walnut sts. MITCHELL WELLS. 97

1 LARGE, FINE, HANDSOMELY PAINTED, Indian tanned buffalo robe for sale cheap, at 615 May st. 102

HANDSOME JET BLACK HORSE FOR SALE, 16 hands high, weighs about 1,200 pounds; good style, 6 years old. Call at STROPE'S Music store, 206 and 208 W. Ninth st. *

NOTICES.

TO OWNERS OF FINE HORSES—GENTLEMEN in the city who want their horses clipped, or city broke, exercised, conditioned and put in shape for fast work, can be accommodated by the undersigned; clipping $3.50, care of horses $20 per month, inclusive of keeping. C. W. CROPSEY, Central stables. 97

Stockholders' Meeting.

OFFICE OF KANSAS CITY SEWER PIPE CO.,
KANSAS CITY, MO., Jan. 1, 1886.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Kansas City Sewer Pipe company will be held at the office of the company, No. 224 Grand avenue, in the City of Kansas, state of Missouri, on the 5th day of March, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition there and then to be submitted, to increase the capital stock of this company from fifty thousand dollars to seventy-five thousand dollars.
W. H. CRAIG,
N. DICKEY,
97 WALTER S. DICKEY.

Notice of Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing between C. H. Ashley and William J. Allen, under the firm name of Allen & Ashley, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.
W. J. ALLEN,
C. H. ASHLEY.
Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 4, 1886. 98

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Kansas City Inter-State Fair will be held on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1886, at their office, No. 605 Main st., upstairs. between the hours of 9 and 12 in the forenoon for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other business that may legally be brought before said meeting.
KERSEY COATES,
President.
ED. H. WEBSTER,
Secretary. 104

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice to Stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union elevator company will be held at the office of its secretary, in Kansas City, Mo., on Tuesday, Jan. 12, 1886, at 9 a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before it.
W. H. WINANTS,
100 Secretary.

FOR SALE- -REAL ESTATE.

6 ACRES FOR SALE, 5 MILES FROM TOWN, with house, well, stable and other improvements, $650; will trade for town property. Apply Forest ave. ,between Seventeenth and Eighteenth st., east side. JAMES TANKARD. 97

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

Price, $25,000; 75x115, improvements worth $7,000, Grand ave., between Eighteenth and Nineteenth sts. This will be sold this week. First come, first served.

Price, $40,000; 75x115, improvements worth $13,000, on a corner on Grand ave.

We have business property on Main, Walnut, Grand ave., Twelfth st., E. Ninth and almost every business street in Kansas City; also vacant lots and residences. Call in and see us.
EVELAND & McCLINTOCK,
97 Real Estate Agents, 8 W. Ninth st.

CARLTON PLACE IS SELLING AT RETAIL for less than acre property can be bought for within one-half mile in any direction; new cable line will run by this addition. Lots 50 feet and level. Call soon. B. T. WHIPPLE & CO., 122 W. Sixth st.

ROLL, THAYER, WILLIAMS & CO.'S

Bargain-:-Catalogue-:-for-:-Friday-:-and-:-Saturday

SEASONABLE GOODS AT LOW PRICES TO CLOSE.

Blankets, Flannels, Comfortables, Cloaks,

AT PRICES THAT MUST LEAD TO SPEEDY SALES.

BLANKETS.

One Lot of
WHITE BLANKETS.
All wool, extra heavy, in both 11-4 and 12-4 sizes (nearly all are 12-4. Slightly soiled by handling only. Same sold all season at $7.50 to $9.

AT **$4.98** PAIR.

One Lot of
11-4 Scarlet Blankets,
All wool, extra heavy. Never sold anywhere for less than $7.50. Offered now to close the lot

AT **$4.98** PAIR.

One lot 12-4 All Wool
Brown Vicuna Blankets,
Extra large and extra heavy. Never offered before this sale at less than $7.50. Will close the lot this sale

AT **$4.98** PAIR.

Read this Twice:
10-4 BLANKETS IN
White, Gray and Scarlet,
Warranted All Wool.

AT **$3.50** PAIR.

Still another:
11-4 Red Mottled Blankets,
AND
10-4 Brown Mottled Blankets,
Extra heavy and worth almost double the prices here named.

AT **$2.75** PAIR.

The last is a
Heavy 10-4 Blanket.
In both
Grey and Scarlet.
A great bargain.

AT **$2.48** PAIR.

Four special bargains in
Comfortables!
Full size, well made, at 55c, 75c, 95c and $1.19.

FLANNELS.

Our Flannels shall move this cold weather. We have no room to carry them over. It will pay you to buy a whole year's supply at these prices.

No such Prices ever before made on Flannels

12 Pieces Medicated
27-Inch Red Twill Flannel, AT 16⅔ cts. Worth 25 cts.

10 Pieces Superior
27-Inch Red Twill Flannel, AT 37 cts. Worth 50 cts.

8 Pieces extra Heavy 6-ounce
27-Inch Red Twill Flannel, AT 48 cts. Worth 65 cts.

CLOAKS.

We offer in one lot all Newmarkets now remaining in stock, that we have been selling at $15, $18, $20 and $22, all at the Uniform price of

$12.50 Each.

These Newmarkets are in Beaver, Nigger Head, Bison Cloth, Boucle and Brocades, with Astrachan Fur and Braid trimmings; also Tailor Finish.

You may never have another opportunity like this to buy a Cloak at such a remarkably Low Price.

☞All our remaining stock of Plush Sacques and Short Wraps

AT COST.

Our Annual Sale of

EMBROIDERIES

Is now in progress, embracing all new and novel designs of this season's productions in Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss Edgings and Insertings.

ROLL, THAYER, WILLIAMS & CO

Wholesale and Retail. Main and 12th Sts.

Notice of Special Tax Bills.

Office of City Engineer, Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 7, 1886: Public notice is hereby given that special tax bills amounting to $450.48 were issued from this office on the 29th day of December, 1885, to W. B. Strong, jr., contractor, for completing the following public improvements, viz:

Grading Washington street, from Twentieth street to the southwestern boulevard.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 29th day of January, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of 15 per cent per annum. Said bills can be found with J. G. Adkins, at Bank of Commerce.

After payment, the bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

B. R. WHITNEY,
City Engineer.
100

Stockholders' Meeting.

To the stockholders of the Bank of Kansas City—Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Kansas City at its banking house in Kansas City, Jackson county, Mo., on Thursday, the 25th day of February, 1886, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to vote upon the proposition this day directed to be submitted to them by its board of directors, to increase the capital of said bank from a paid up capital of six hundred thousand dollars ($600,000) to a paid up capital of one million dollars ($1,000,000.)

J. S. CHICK,
President of the Bank of Kansas City.
BERNARD DONNELLY, Secretary.
Dated, Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 23, 1885. 136

Estate of William R. Sutherland, deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of William R Sutherland, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of the county of Jackson, state of Missouri, at Kansas City, on the 19th day of November, 1885.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 30th day of November, 1885.

MAGGIE SUTHERLAND,
Administratrix of William R. Sutherland, deceased.

Notice of Special Tax Bills.

Office of City Engineer, Kansas City, Mo., Jan 5, 1886. Public notice is hereby given that special tax bills amounting to $293 were issued from this office on the 4th day of January, 1886, to Eugene McEntee, contractor, for completing the following public improvements, viz:

Grading Eleventh street from Cherry street to Charlotte street.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 4th day of February, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of 15 per cent per annum; said bills can be found with Eugene McEntee, 901 East Fifth street. After payment the bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

B. R. WHITNEY,
City Engineer.
98

Gentlemen, Attention, Please!

$10,000

BANKRUPT SALE!

—OF—

Gentlemen's Fine Suitings!

MADE FOR 60 DAYS.

Having taken possession of the entire Stock of the late S. M. HITT & CO.'S Fine Merchant Tailoring Establishment, 902 Main Street, and having retained the old force of cutters and workmen, I Will make suits to order regardless of cost, as I am determined to close the stock out in 60 days. I do not intend to remain in the Tailoring business, so if you want a fine Suit of Clothes or an Overcoat you can now get a better one for less money than you ever could before or ever will hereafter. We have moved the stock up stairs, immediately over the old storeroom, in order to cut down expenses. There is not a stock of Woolens in the west equal to this, so it will be a good investment, even if you have to lay it aside until next winter.

JOHN T. ELKINS.

PREPARE FOR THE BLIZZARD

Men's Wool Lined Boots,
Men's Wool Lined Shoes,
Ladies' Flannel Foxed Shoes,
Ladies' Felt Slippers.

SPECIAL SALES OF BOOTS!

ARCTIC OVERSHOES—Men's, $1.00; Women's, 80c; Misses', 65c; Children's 50c.

E. M. Clendening & Co.

Cor. Eighth and Main Sts.

Trustees Sale.

Whereas, John W. Hoover and P. Shultz, of Greenwood, Jackson county, Missouri, composing the firm of John W. Hoover & Co., of said town, by their deed of trust dated the 30th day of November, 1884, and recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds, in and for said county, in Indepenkence, in book 139 at page 291, and also at page 362, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described lands in said county, then owned, occupied and used by said Hoover and Shultz, as partners and for partnership purposes, described as follows, to-wit: Lot eight (8) in block nine (9) in Price's addition to the town of Greenwood, Missouri; also the following, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at eighteen (18) rods three (3) feet north of the center of Main and Fifth (5) streets in said Price's said addition, and running thence west twenty (20) rods, to the land of H. M. Jameson; thence north along said land twenty-one and one-half (21½) rods to the lands of A. L. Purduin, and along said lands eleven (11) rods in a northeasterly direction to the north pier of the Missouri Pacific railroad bridge; thence in a southeasterly course along the Missouri Pacific railroad to a point opposite the center of the above named Main and Fifth streets, and thence south to the place of beginning, containing about three acres, together with the steam grist or flour mill thereon, and all tools and implements in use in said mill, and such as were thereafter placed and used therein by said Hoover & Co. Said parcels of land are situate in section 27, township 47, range 31, in said County of Jackson. And whereas, said deed of trust was executed to the undersigned trustee for the purpose of securing the payment of four promissory notes executed by said Hoover & Co. in their firm name to John Wilson and D. F. Fairchild, each dated the 30th day of November, 1884, and each for the sum of $2,444, due one, two, three and four years after date, wite interest from date at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually, and if not so paid to become part of the principal and bear the same rate of interest; and whereas, said Hoover & Shultz by their said deed of trust covenanted that they would pay all taxes when due on said property, and such as might thereafter become due; and covenanted that they would keep the impaovements on said land satisfactorily insured for the sum of $10,000 for the use, benefit and protection of said Wilson and Fairchild, the payees of said notes; and, whereas, said Hoover and Shulzt further covenanted by said deed of trust that if they should make default in the payment of said notes, or any part thereof, or the interest thereon, when it became due, or should make default in the performance of any or either of their said agreements aforesaid, the undersigned as trustee, should proceed to sell the property aforesaid, and any part thereof, at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the court house door in Kansas City, in Jackson county aforesaid, for cash, for the purpose of paying the costs and expenses of the trust, and all moneys paid for insurance and taxes, and all money then due on said notes, and all the principal of said notes not then due, with interest up to the time of payment; and, whereas, said Hoover and Shultz have failed to keep and perform their said covenants, in that they have failed and neglected to pay said promissory notes, or any part thereof, or the interest thereon, or any part thereof; and have failed to insure said property or any part thereof, pursuant to and as required by their said covenants and agreements; and have failed to pay taxes; and whereas, said Wilson and Fairchild have paid the insurance on said property, by reason of the default of said Hoover and Shultz to pay the same, or cause it to be paid. Now, therefore, the undersigned, trustee as aforesaid, by direction and at the request of the holders and owners of said notes, the said Wilson and Fairchild, will, on Thursday, the 11th day of February, 1886, pursuant to the provisions of said deed of trust, proceed to sell at public sale at the court house door on Second street, in Kansas City, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the notes aforesaid together with the interest due thereon, and the amount paid for insurance thereon by said Wilson and Fairchild, with interest as provided in said deed of trust, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

A. COMINGO,
Trustee.
*

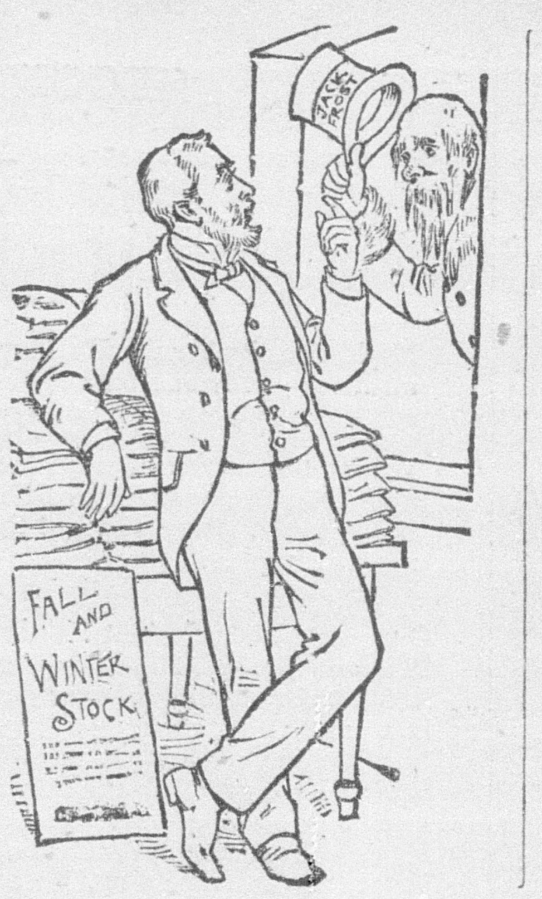
Notice to Contractors for Sidewalks.

City Engineer's office. Kansas City. Mo., Dec. 28, 1885. Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at this office until 12 o'clock noon of Friday. January 8, 1886, (at which time bids will be opened) for furnishing all the materials for doing all the work necessary to complete the following city improvements, viz.: Constructing twelve foot sidewalk on the south side of Twelfth street from Wyoming street to Liberty street. Constructing second-class sidewalk on the east side of Bell street from Fourteenth to Seventeenth street. Constructing second-class sidewalk on the north side of Thirteenth street from Grand avenue to McGee street. Constructing second-class sidewalk on the south side of Thirteenth street from Holmes street to Campbell street. Constructing second-class sidewalk on both sides of Fourth street from Cherry to Holmes streets. Plans and specifications may be seen, and all information relative to the work obtained, at this office. Payment for the work to be made by the issue of speial tax bills. No proposals from any contractor in default with city on any previous contract will be considered. No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a bond of two hundred dollars with two good and sufficient securities, (to be approved by city comptroller), conditioned that the bidder will enter into contract at the prices stated, and furnish satisfactory security for the completion of the work. The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals.

B. R. WHITNEY.
City Engineer.
96

Display Type All of the Display Type used in THE STAR was furnished by THE GREAT WESTERN TYPE FOUNDRY, Kansas, City, Mo.

HE IS HERE!



Jack Frost, down below zero, tips his hat, makes a bow and announces his presence. We are prepared—Overcoats, Ear Muffs, Mufflers, and the cheapest Wool Red Mitts in Kansas City for Men and Boys. We don't lie when we make a statement. These suits, in broken lots, and odd Pants, are marked at prices without any regard to cost or value. All Wool Suits at $5.00, cost over $10 and $12, but you don't care so long as you get them cheap. All Wool Pants at $1.50 and $2.00; then a Union Cassimere Pant at $1. Well, we are right on our sell, and every reader of this will be happily surprised if they come in. We are THE SQUARE DEALING MEN.

Houghton & Herrick.

Srustee's Sale.

Whereas, Jennie R. Crouch and J. E. Crouch, her husband, in their duly executed deed of trust, dated Oct. 24, 1884, and recorded in book B, No. 116 at page 18, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described property situate in Jackson county, Missouri, to-wit: All of our hundred and twenty-five feet off of the north end of lot No. 1 in Quest's addition to the City of Kansas in said Jackson county, the same being a tract of land 125 feet deep by 163 feet in width,, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas, said note is now due and unpaid and the holder thereof has requested the undersigned to sell the said property to satisfy the same according to the terms of said deed. Notice, therefore, is hereby given that on the 30th day of January, 1886, at the court house door in the said City of Kansas, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, I will proceed to sell said described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash in hand pursuant to the provisions of said deed, for the purpose of satisfying the trust therein and the cost of executing the same.

HENRY STUBENRAUCH,
Trustee.

Dated January 6, 1886.
116

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, John G. M. Appleton, a single man, by his duly executed deed of trust, dated Sept. 16. 1885, and recorded in book B, No. 131, at page 501, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described property, situate in Jackson county, Missouri, to-wit: All of lot No. 25 in block No. 17, of Cates's addition to Kansas City, Missouri, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described, and, whereas, said note is now due and unpaid, and, whereas, the holder thereof has requested the undersigned to sell the said property to satisfy the same according to the terms of said deed, notice is therefore hereby given that on the 30th day of January, 1886, at the front door of the Jackson county court house, in the said City of Kansas, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, I will proceed to sell said property, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash in hand, pursuant to the provisions of said deed, for the purpose of satisfying the trust therein and the costs of executing the same.

Dated Jan. 6. 1886.
116 JAMES SCAMMON, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, on the 9th day of December, 1882, Valentine Hunsuld and Mary A. Hunsuld, his wife, by their deed of trust duly executed and delivered, conveyed to the undersigned the real estate, hereinafter described, for the purpose of securing a note for three hundred and twenty-five dollars, payable to Robert Walker, which deed of trust is recorded in book B 82, at page 417, of the records of Jackson County, Missouri. And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and being thereto requested by the legal holder of said note and by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, for the purpose of satisfying said note, I, the undersigned, will, on tho 28th day of January, 1886, at the court house door, in Kansas City in the county of Jackson, and state of Missouri, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at public vendue, for cash in hand, the real estate in said deed of trust described, situated in the county of Jackson and state of Missouri, to-wit: All of lot two hundred and forty-eight (248) of block two (2) of the re-survey of Whipple's second addition to the city of Kansas.

JAMES H. CHANDLER.
Kansas City Mo., Jan, 7, 1886. 114

Notice of Special Tax Bills.

Office of the City Engineer, Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 5, 1886.—Public notice is hereby given that special tax bills amounting to $97.60 were issued from this office on the 4th day of January, 1886, to James Crowley, contractor, for completing the following public improvements, viz:

Grading the alley from Hickory street to Mulberry street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 4th day of February, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of 15 per cent per annum. Said bills can be found with James Crowley, No. 1243 Gennesee street.

After payment, the bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

98 B. R, WHITNEY, City Engineer.

Notice of Special Tax Bill.

Office of City Engineer, Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 5, 1886. Public notice is hereby given that special tax bills amounting to $247.28 were issed from this office on the 4th day of January, 1886, to James Crowley, contractor, for completing the following public improvements, viz.: Grading Sixteenth street from Summit street to Belleview avenue.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 4th day of February, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of 15 per cent per annum. Said bills can be found with James Crowley, No. 1243 Gennesee street.

After payment, the bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

98 B. R. WHITNEY, City Engineer.

FINANCIAL.

ADVERTISEMENNS UNDER THE HEAD OF FOR SALE, TO RENT, WANTS, ETC., WILL BE CHARGED AT THE FOLLOWING RATE:
1 CENT PER WORD FOR FIRST INSERTION.
½ CENT PER WORD FOR SUBSEQUENT INSERTIONS.
ADVERTISEMENTS CONTAINING A LESS NUMBER OF WORDS THAN 15 TO BE COUNTED AT RATE OF A 15 WORD ADVERTISEMENT.

QUIN'S
CHATTEL MORTGAGE
LOAN OFFICE,
AMOUNTS, $10 TO $10,000.
36 and 37 Sheidley building, S. E. corner Ninth and Main sts. Take elevator.
Household furniture, horses, wagons, buggies, pianos, jewelry, any good personal security. No removal from dwellings, Time, 1 day to 1 year. Lowest rates in city. Loans made in 30 minutes.

TO LOAN—
MONEY TO LOAN
On Horses, Cattle, Wagons, etc.,
Warehouse Receipts, Wheat, Corn, etc.,
Furniture, Libraries, Pianos, etc.
H. M. McINTOSH,
Mortgage Banker, No. 7, Sheidley Building,
Ninth and Main.

MONEY TO LOAN—BY M. & F. WELSH, REAL estate and loan brokers, corner Seventh and Wyandotte sts. †

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE AND SMALL amounts. Whipple Investment company, 122 W. Sixth st. *

TO LOAN—MONEY ON CITY REAL ESTATE in large or small sums at the lowest current rates. REED & COATES, 111 W. Sixth st. ‡

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHATTELS, HORSES, cattle, wagons, pianos, furniture, etc., or any acceptable securities, for long or short time. H. A. NEWTON, room 3, new Times building. *

MONEY TO LOAN ON LAND IN SUMS FROM $500 up. JAMES W. PERKINS, James building, Sixth and Delaware sts. *

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL OR LARGE sums on horses, wagons, furniture, pianos, libraries, etc. J. J. KELLY, 1011 Main st., room 1. *

MONEY TO LOAN ON PIANOS, FURNITURE, horses, cattle and good collateral securities; also on second mortgage or exuity in real estate; discount notes, buy any kind of merchandise, etc. M. B. JACKSON & CO., 525 Delaware st. †

MONEY TO LOAN ON PIANOS, FURNITURE, horses, cattle, and all good collateral security; also short time second mortgage, real estate security; discount notes, buy tax bills and merchandise, etc. J. W, HURLBUT, 605 Delaware st. *

$75000 TO LOAN ON REAL AND PERsonal security. JAS. H. ARNOLD 702 Delaware st. ‡

MISCELLANEOUS.

IF SUFFERING WITH RHEUMATISM OR scrofula use Dr. GIBSON'S Blood Syrup, 1223 Grand ave. *

CLAMS, OYSTERS, SEA FISH. EASTERN Fish company, 1119 Main st. 97

COUNTERS, SHELVING, AND ALL KINDS OF store and office fixtures bought and sold at cabinet shop, 1207 Walnut st. 116

TYPE Used on THE KANSAS CITY STAR was manufactured by the ILLINOIS TYPE FOUNDING COMPANY, 202 Clark street, Chicago, of their extra durable metal.

Coal! Coal!

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.,

C-O-A-L!

I AM

Overstocked

ON THIS COAL.

Am advised by shippers to put it on the market.

NOW IS YOUR TIME

TO STOCK UP

You will never have another chance to buy this Coal again at this price.

THIS COAL

Will keep for a year without slacking.

PRICES:

In wagon loads, $3.75 per ton, delivered.
Hard Coal, Nut and Stove, $9.00
Hard Coal, Egg...... $9.25

As these are CUT PRICES terms will be strictly cash.

T. A. GRIFFITH

No. 12 W. Ninth St.
TELEPHONE, 271.

ELY'S Cream Baml!

Cleanses the head allays Inflammation, Heals Sores, restores the Senses of Taste Hearing and Smell A quick relief, a positive cure. CREAM BALM has gained an enviable reputation, displacing all other preparations. A particle is applied into each nostril, no pain, agreeable to use.

Price 50c, by mail or at druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send 2 BOTTLES FREE, together with a Valuable Treatise on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

MANHOOD RESTORED.

REMEDY FREE—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, lost manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address J.H. REEVES, 43 Chatham st., N York.

MEN ONLY. A Quick, Permanent Cure for Lost Manhood, Debility, Nervousness, Weakness. No quackery. Indisputable Proofs. Book sent sealed, free. ERIE MED. CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Notice of Speecial Tax Bills.

Office of City Engineer, Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 5, 1886. Public notice is hereby given that special tax bills amounting to $185.16 were issued from this office on the 4th day of January, 1886, to James Crowley, contractor for completing the following public improvements, viz:

Grading the alley between Main and Walnut from Twelfth to Thirteenth streets.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 4th day of February, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of 15 per cent per annum. Said bills can be found with James Crowley, No. 1243 Gennesee street.

After payment the bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

98 B. R. WHITNEY, City Engineer.

Master's Sale.

United States of America. In the circuit court o United States for the western division of the western district of Missouri. David G. Edwards, complainant, vs. The Nevada Gas and Coal company, et al., defendants. In chancey, (No. 906.)

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of the said court entered in the above entitled cause on the 10th day of November, A. D., 1885, I, Joseph S. Chick, special master in chancery of the said court, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash and together as one property and not as separate parcels, as directed in said decree and in accordance with the caurse and practice of the said court, at the front door of the court house in the city of Nevada, in the county of Vernon, in the state of Missouri, on the Seventh (7th) day of January A. D., One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-six, between the hours of twelve (12) o'clock noon and three (3) o'clock in the after noon of said last mention day, all of the right, title and interest of the said Nevada Gas and Coal company, of J. S. Chick, trustee and defendant in said cause and of any and all of the defendants therein, in and to all and singular the premises and property in the said decree mentioned and described as follows: (The real estate to be conveyed to the purchaser or purchasers in fee simple and the personal property absolutely by a proper deed of conveyance after confirmation of sale by said court) the real estate as: Beginning at a point four hundred and forty feet west of and four hundred and twenty feet (420) north of the southeast corner of section No. four (4), in township No. thirty-five (35), and range No. thirty-one (31), and from thence running east one hundred and sixty (160) feet; thence south forty (40) feet; thence west one hundred and sixty feet (160); thence north forty (40) feet to the place of beginning; also the following described real estate: Beginning at the southeast corner of section No. four (4) in said township No. thirty-five and range thirty-one (31) and running thence north four hundred and ninety-five feet (495), thence west four hundred and forty feet (440) to the northwest corner of a certain tract of land conveyed by Silas S. Biglow and wife to Samuel E. Norton and from said corner running east one hundred and sixty feet; thence running south seventy-five feet (75); thence running west one hundred and sixty feet (160); thence running north seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Also all the gas works of the said Nevada Gas & Coal company together with all its machinery, pipes, properties, rights and privileges which it now holds under ordinance No. 37 of the city of Nevada, or the laws under which it is organized, and all tolls, incomes, rents, issues and profits and future improvements and extensions, now held by it or to be acquired by it, and all of which said real and personal property is situate in the city of Nevada, county of Vernon and State of Missouri.

JOSEPH S. CHICK,
Special mastery in chancery of the circuit court of the United States for the western division of the western district of Missouri.
Dated, Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 7, 1885.
KRUM & JONAS,
98 Solicitors for Complainant.

IN the circuit court of Jackson county, Missouri at Kansas City, October term, 1885. David, Bowes et al. on behalf of the City of Kansas, petitioners, vs. Peter Dean, W. B. Kane, Edward George, Mary Goodrich Rosa Finnagan, and the unknown heirs of John Dean, defendants. Now on this day come the plaintiffs in the above entitled cause by W. W. Perkins, their attorney, and files herein the affidavit of said W. W. Perkins, one of said petitioners, and it appearing from said affidavit that the residences of the following named defendants in the above cause are unknown to the affiant or to the said city, viz: Mary Goodrich, Peter Dean, W. B. Kane, and the unknown heirs of John Dean. It is therefore ordered by the judge of said court that said defendants be notified by publication of the commencement of this action and the filing of the petition herein; and that they, said defendants last named be summoned by publication to appear and plead to said petition on or before the 16th day of January, 1886, at which time the judge or court being satisfied that due notice of the pending of the petition herein has been given to all the defendants will appoint the commissioners as prayed for in said petition; therefore you the above last named defendants are hereby notified that David Bowes. Turner A. Gill, C. H. Davie, Medina Webster, E. H. Webster, Mary R. Ferry, Watson J. Ferry, —— Ripley, James H. Ripley, Belle M. Perkins and W. W. Perkins on behalf of the City of Kansas, a municipal corporation, have psesented to the said court, and filed in the clerk's office of said court at Kansas City a petition the substance of which is to have appointed a commission of three disinterested freeholders of said city to view the street known as Central street between Sixteenth street and the southwestern Boulevard in said city, and the improvement about to be made thereon by said city in grading said part of said street under an ordinance of said city to the established grade of said street, and to ascertain the damages, if any, which you and others, as owners and possessors of property along said part of said street may sustain by reason of said proposed grading; and the day fixed for the hearing of said petition is the 16th day of January, 1886, and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published for four weeks consecutively in The Kansas City Star, and the Kansas City Presse, the newspapers that are doing the city printing for the City of Kansas aforesaid, the last publication to be made prior to the 16th day of January, 1886.

A true copy.
Attest: L. F. McCOY, Clerk.
By. R. T. HINDE, D. C. 103

Trustees Sale.

Whereas Laura O. Smith and Joel T. Smith, her husband, by their certain deed of trust dated the 22d day of January, 1884, and recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of Jackson county, state of Missouri, in book B No 99, page 244, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate situated in said Jackson county, state of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number eight (8) in Tracy's subdivision of lots 96, 97 and 98, of Hurck's subdivision of the Guinotte Bluff, in and adjoining the City of Kansas. Which conveyance was made to me in trust, however, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed fully described and whereas said note is long past due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, I the undersigned trustee, by virtue of the powers on me conferred by said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder said note, will on Saturday, the 23d day of January, 1886, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon at the county court house door, in the City of Kansas, county of Jackson, and state of Missouri, sell said real estate hereinbefore described to the highest bidder for cash for the purpose of paying said note and interest and costs of this trust,

JOHN C. GAGE, Trustee.
Dated Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 31, 1885. 109

Trustee's Sale

Whereas Laura O. Smith and Joel T. Smith, her husband, by their certain deed of trust dated January 17, 1884, and recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of Jackson county, state of Missouri, in book B, No. 99, page 303, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in said Jackson county, state of Missouri, to wit: Lots number seven (7), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in Tracy's subdivision of lots 96, 97 and 98 of Hurcks's subdivision of the Guinotte Bluff, in and adjoining the City of Kansas, which conveyance was made in trust, however, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust fully described, and whereas said note is now past due and remains unpaid, Now, therefore, I, the undersigned trustee, by virtue of the terms of said deed of trust and the powers thereby in me vested and at the request of the legal holder of said note, will on Saturday. the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1886, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the county court house door, in the City of Kansas, county of Jackson and state of Missouri, sell such real estate, hereinbefore described, to the highest bidder for cash for the purpose of paying said note, with interest and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

Dated Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 31, 1885.
109 JOHN C. GAGE, Trustee.

Notice of Special Tax Bills.

Office of City Engineer, Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 4. 1886. Public notice is hereby given that special tax bills amounting to $3,084.02 were issued from this office on the 29th day of December, 1885, to Chas. E. Donnelly, contractor, for completing the following public improvements, viz:

Constructing sewer in district No. 116; said district is bounded as follows: North by Sixteenth street, south by Twentieth street, west by Oak street, east by Locust street.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 29th day of January, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum for six months and 15 per cent thereafter; said bills can be found with J. G. Adkins at Bank of Commerce. After payment the bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

B. R. WHITNEY,
97 City Engineer.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, L. E. Gendron, by his deed of trust dated October 23, 1885, recorded in book No. 138, at page 622, in the office of the recorder of deeds for Jackson county, Missouri, at Independence, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following real estate, situate in said county and state, to wit: The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-six in township forty-nine, range 32, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described. And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note according to the terms and conditions of said note and deed of trust. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal older of said note, I, the said trustee, will on Wednesday, January 27, 1886, at public sale, for cash in hand, at the east door of the court house in Independence aforesaid, sell the aforesaid real estate for the purpose of paying said note, the interest due thereon, and the cost of executing this trust.

113 JOHN A. SEA, Trustee.

Notice of Special Tax Bills.

Office of City Enginerr, Kansas City, Mo., Jan 5, 1886. Public notice is hereby given that Special Tax Bills amounting to $481.28, were issued from this office on the 4th day of December, 1885, to James Crowley, contractor, for comcompleting the following public improvements, viz:

Grading Tracy avenue from Eighteenth street to Ninteenth street.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 4th day of February, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum. Said bills can be found with James Crowley, No. 1243 Genese street.

After payment all bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

98 B. R. WHITNEY, City Engineer.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary, as co-executor, on the estate of D. W. Tower, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the probate court of the county of Jackson, state of Missouri, at Kansas City, on the 30th day of December, 1885. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 31st day of December, 1885.

J. W. TULLIS,
Co-Executor on the estate of D. W. Tower.
108

Notice of Special Tax Bills.

Office of City Engineer, Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 5, 1886: Public notice is hereby given that special tax bills amounting to $810.78 were issued from this office on the 29th day of December, 1885, to William Condon, contractor, for completing the following public improvements, viz:

Grading Liberty street, from St. Louis avenue to Ninth street.

If said bills are not paid on or before the 29th day of February, 1886, they will bear interest at the rate of 15 per cent per annum. Said bills can be found with J. L. Abernathy, Ninth and Liberty streets.

After payment, the bills must be presented at this office to be satisfied of record.

B. R. WHITNEY,
98 City Engineer.

A Forced Sale

Our Store-room Must Positively Be Vacant on the evening of Feb. the 14th, 1886.

$10,000!

OF ALL KINDS OF

CLOTHING!

Must be thrown upon this market within a few days. All goods to be sold at Auction Prices at Private Sale till the 1st day of February, when balance will be closed out at

AUCTION!

Call at Once, and Get Fitted out in Anything You Want at your own prices, at the

NEW YORK FIRE STORE

17 West Fifth St.

DR. J. J. SMITH,
15 E. ELEVENTH ST.

The Doctor has long been considered the greatest Diagnosing Physician of the age, and his ability to prescribe for and treat Chronic and Acute Diseases has long been met with the highest encomiums from both press and people. A candid answer to all questions will be given you and all diseases diagnosed, describing your aches and pains and their causes, whether curable or not. The Doctor will make calls at residence by request. Call and see him and be convinced. He has no superior. The Doctor has his CELEBRATED CURE for sale only at his office,

No. 15 E. ELEVENTH ST.

AUCTION SALE!

OF

FurniturE

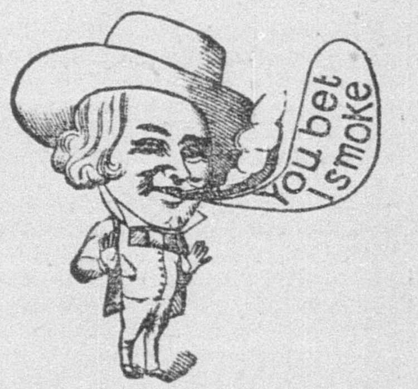
On Saturday, January 9,
at 10 o'clock, a. m..

Sideboards, Bedroom Sets, Bureaus, Lounges, Stands and all kinds of Furniture.

926 MAIN ST.

J. H. STEPHENS & SON, Auctioneers,

DO YOU SMOKE!



"Richmond Straight Cut No. 1"

CIGARETTES.

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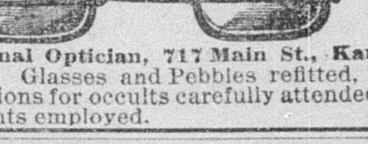

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